THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
ESTABLISHED IN 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.
Office, North Carolinian Building, Main Street,
One door east of Albemarle House.
Terms, $1.00 a Year, in Advance.
If not paid in advance $1.50 will be charged.
RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square, one insertion, $1.00; two insertions, $1.50; one month, $2.00; three months, $4.00; six months, $8.00; one year, $12.00.
For larger advertisements liberal contracts will be made.
Business Notices in local column, ten cents a line. Obituary Notices, five cents a line.

The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

VOLUME XXX. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1898. NUMBER 20.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Points, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

THE TIME IS OPPORTUNE.

AN URGENT PLEA FOR MARINE PROTECTIVE LEGISLATION.

Abundance of Capital Stands Ready to Invest in American Shipping, Provided Congress Accords Fair Treatment to That Industry.

The time now seems most opportune for vigorously urging forward the movement for more effectual protection of American shipping by the imposition of discriminating duties against imports in foreign vessels.

Influenced by the ending of the war with Spain, by the opening of the ports of Porto Rico to coastwise commerce, and by the prospect that ere long the ports of Cuba will likewise be so opened, shipping interests in the coastwise trade are making arrangements for the enlargement of their service and are contracting for the building of new vessels at American yards. The act of March 3, 1891, under which American built ships may obtain mail subsidies for outward voyages, has stimulated the construction of steamers for an important West Indian trade, and one of the successful of our shipbuilding companies has recently launched a 2000-ton, fifteen-knot vessel, which was built in the short space of twelve weeks. This firm has under construction three more vessels of the same class, work on which will be rapidly prosecuted. New steamship lines have been organized for the Asiatic trade, and four American steamers, of 3000 tons each, will soon be completed on the Pacific Coast for a company of Eastern capitalists to engage in the trade between San Francisco and Honolulu. Competition in the Australian trade, which is now vigorous, will doubtless result in an increase in the number of vessels engaged in that service. The few yards on the Pacific Coast will most likely have contracts, either Government or private, which will keep them actively employed for many months, and the yards on the Atlantic seaboard are already busy with similar contracts, and those for the Government and for Russia will doubtless be of such a comparatively urgent character as to make undesirable, unless the industry can be protected, the acceptance of private contracts after those now in process of execution shall be completed.

It may be asked: What need for the protection of discriminating duties against imports in foreign vessels while the existing shipbuilding plants are enjoying such a comparatively high degree of prosperity? The answer is this: Conditions now prevail which have never before been paralleled in the history of the country. We are now producing the cheapest and the best shipbuilding material in the world; our plants are equipped with the most efficient labor-saving machinery that can be devised; our skilled workmen have attained a high degree of proficiency, and our shipbuilders have demonstrated their ability to produce vessels superior to any that float.

But our wage scale is so high that we cannot successfully compete as to cost of production with foreign shipbuilders, and, moreover, though equipped for the construction of the highest type of vessels, this equipment is expensive to maintain, and it is almost an effectual bar to the economical building of cargo carrying ships. Protection in the form of discriminating duties would cause such an increased demand for ships as to attract capital for investment in the shipbuilding industry, and the augmented inquiry for vessels would make possible the adoption of more economical methods, such as are in vogue in England for the construction of merchant ships.

The expansion of the shipbuilding industry resulting from such protection would give steady employment to vast numbers of skilled workmen and laborers; it would awaken into activity large amounts of capital for the production of material, the construction and the fitting of vessels, and it would prove of incalculable and far reaching benefit.

One important fact, which should be noted, is that almost for the first time in more than thirty years capital is seeking employment in bottomry bonds on ships. Money can now be obtained in any desired amounts upon vessels as security, thus enabling intending ship owners to contract for the building of a vessel with as great ease and on about the same terms as to interest as an intending house owner can contract for the erection of an edifice. The complaint which was made a decade ago that there were no ship buyers and, therefore, that there was little encouragement to build merchant vessels, is no longer heard. There are ship buyers, men who appreciate American ships, men who want the best vessels that can be constructed and who are willing to pay a fair price for a ship bearing the American flag.

The protection afforded by the act of March 3, 1891, above referred to, which applies only to American-built, mail-carrying steamships, is sufficient only to overcome the higher cost of operating an American compared with a foreign vessel in respect of wages and subsistence of the crew. The mail bounty or subsidy ranges from 81 to sixty-six cents per mile for the outward voyage for steam vessels having a speed of from twenty to twelve knots. In order to obtain this subsidy the ships must be so constructed as to be readily convertible into auxiliary cruisers for the navy, and they must pass a rigid inspection. Therefore these vessels are more expensive to build than ordinary cargo ships.

The protection which is now demanded, and which should be promptly granted by Congress, is that of discriminating duties against imports in foreign vessels. This would be immediate and entirely effective as soon as the enactment could be put into action. There would arise a demand for American ships as to cause the existing shipbuilding plants, and the new enterprises, not only on the Gulf and Atlantic coasts, but on the Pacific coast as well, would receive an impetus which would successfully compete with foreign ships under whatever economical conditions these might be operated. Now is the time to strike. Such a magnificent opportunity for the restoration of our merchant marine may not again soon occur. The administration stands committed to the principle of discriminating duties, the people will undoubtedly sustain a policy which promises such incalculable benefits, and Congress cannot consistently oppose a measure which will, when it is clearly understood, have an enthusiastic, popular indorsement.

Staffordshire's Affliction.

According to the report of Consul Bradley to the State Department, the pottery trade of Staffordshire mourns the loss of its "great and good friend," the Wilson tariff. Under the workings of that boon to foreigners Staffordshire could be certain of a prosperous trade with the United States, but the Dingley law has changed all this, and Staffordshire is depressed. For the first six months of 1898 the total shipments of English pottery to the United States numbered 32,106 packages, against 49,605 packages for the first six months of 1897. The difference of 17,499 packages represents the extent to which American pottery has been brought into larger use.

Similar shrinkage in pottery exports to the United States are reported from Germany, Austria-Hungary and France. As a consequence of the improved demand at home and the wider home market thus assured, our domestic potteries are constantly improving both the quantity and quality of their output. Here is an industry that is certain to work out a brilliant record of success, provided always that it is not again surrendered into the hands of its enemies, as was the case in 1894. All it needs is time and a fair chance.

Not Wanted.

"No, my son; you cannot be a sailor until Congress provides for the restoration of the American merchant marine."

Strange Indeed.

The old theory of free trade, or such tariff laws as the Wilson-Gorman, is directly antagonistic to the comforts and conveniences which now belong to the workingman according to his standard of living. It needed but one experiment to show the laborer and farmer both that protection produces mills and factories; these give work to the laborer, and a great amount of labor insures a great consumption of agricultural product. It will be strange indeed if ever the country permits such a law as the Wilson-Gorman to go into force again.—Stillwater (N. Y.) Journal.

It is High Time.

Although Americans have invariably shown the highest degree of skill and proficiency in everything pertaining to ships and to seamanship, although in every contest on the sea Americans have led the world, yet almost all of our ocean carrying trade is done in foreign bottoms. We lag behing all the world in that in which we might lead all the world. It is high time that there should be given to our shipping interests the encouragement and protection which are given to all other American interests.

A Fine Showing.

The official statistics show the great increase in the exports of this country under the Dingley law, not wholly for food supplies, as the Democrats would have us believe, for there was an increase in the manufactured articles exported of about twenty million dollars.—Provo City (Utah) Enquirer.

THE PIPE FACE.

Close Observers Will Notice It in Old Smokers.

The constant habit of smoking pipes has a perceptible effect upon the face. The pressure of the lips to hold the pipe in position increases their curvature around the stem and the muscles become more rigid here than in other parts. Thus, says Tit-Bits, the lips at a certain point become stronger, and the pipe is unconsciously held in the same habitual position. After long continuation of the habit small circular wrinkles form parallel with the curvature of the lips around the stem. These are crossed by finer lines, caused by the pressure of the lips to retain the stem in position. In the case of old men who have smoked a pipe for years, the effect upon the lips is very marked, not only altering the form of the lips but of one entire side of the face, causing the wrinkles that are the effect of age to deepen, and, instead of following the natural course of facial wrinkles, to change their course so as to radiate from the part of the mouth where the pipe is habitually carried. Furthermore, one or both lips often protrude, just like the lips of people who have sucked their thumbs when children. The effects of pipe smoking upon the teeth are considerable. At the point where the smoker usually holds the stem between his teeth the latter becomes much worn.

Foreign Patents in Japan.

The Japanese patent bureau has recently decided that no foreign patent which has had prior registration in another country can be registered in Japan. This would seem to show that the protection supposed to be enjoyed by American and other foreign inventors under existing treaties does not exist, and that patents can still be obtained in Japan.

OFFHAND SPEECHES.

The Most of Them Smell of the Midnight Oil.

A group of literary men were discussing the other day the rarity of spontaneous eloquence or wit.

"I was at a dinner once in New York," said one, "and was seated next to Major Hay, who, you know, had been Lincoln's secretary. Somebody making a speech exclaimed:

"'In genuine eloquence the words come hot from the heart. No noble speech was ever uttered in America than Lincoln's address at Gettysburg, and I am assured it was wholly spontaneous. He had not given it a thought before he rose to speak.'

"'While he was delivering it,' said Major Hay to me, aside, 'I had the fifth copy of it in my pocket.'"

"I, too, remember a dinner in New York," said another, "at which all the foremost men in journalism and literature were present. The speech of the evening was made by George W. Curtis. It sparkled with wit and apt allusions to the men present, evidently inspired by the moment. Once he stopped, interrupting himself, and exclaimed:

"'I see my friend, Judge D., looking at me doubtfully, but I must remind him that he, too,—going on with some brilliant raillery that brought down peals of laughter. As he rose to go out I said to the editor of a Boston paper:

"'Who but Curtis could pour out impromptu wit like that?'

"'Impromptu?' said the newspaper man! 'I had proofs of all the speeches given to me this afternoon to send to Boston tonight. Let us look at his.' We looked, and there it all was, word or word, even to the 'I see my friend, Judge D., looking at me doubtfully, etc.'"

"I knew Artemus Ward," said a third man, "when he was a reporter on a Cleveland paper. One evening in the office he told a story, apparently a mere trifle, the flash of a moment.

"'Browne,' said the chief, 'how can you say such clever things off hand?'

"'Offhand!' muttered Browne. 'I told that to myself fifteen times this afternoon!' Ten years afterward I heard him tell the same story to a brilliant London audience, without the alteration of a comma."

"Even to make a good joke," remarked a listener, "work apparently is needed as well as genius."

A Similarity of Excuses.

A certain business firm in New York city, the number of whose employes, both men and women, runs up into the hundreds, has found it necessary to make stringent rules regarding promptness of arrival in the morning. Any clerk who comes late is obliged to record his name in a large book, together with the exact time he got in and an explanatory statement accounting for his tardiness. If this excuse is deemed valid by the inspector nothing is done, but if there seems reason for suspecting its genuineness a fine is imposed.

A few weeks ago the inspector made a general announcement to the effect that there was altogether too much lateness on the part of the clerks, and that hereafter he would accept none but the most indisputably trustworthy excuses. For a few mornings there was an improvement. Then one day one of the assistant bookkeepers came in nearly an hour late. With a grave face he walked over to the book, inscribed his name and the time, and in the "explanation column" wrote:

"My grandfather was sick."

Late as the young man was, there were nine others who were still more tardy in their arrival that morning. When the inspector came to glance over the book his wrath rose as his eye ran down the list of names. But when he examined the excuses offered he gasped in amazement. Clearly all the later comers had decided that the assistant bookkeeper's invention was as good as anything they could devise, and, foreseeing fines in any case, they troubled themselves no further than to make ditto marks under what he had written. The whole ten thus stood recorded as having been in dutiful attendance that morning upon sick grandfathers.—New York Tribune.

Death of a Monster Tortoise.

We regret to announce the death at the Zoological Gardens, of the gigantic specimen of Daudin's tortoise (Testudo Daunini), after having been at the gardens a little more than a year. The animal will be preserved and mounted for Mr. Rothschild's museum at Tring. It is unfortunate that the tortoise should have died just now, since, from its vast size and great age, which must be at least two hundred years, it would have been of considerable interest to the foreign zoologists who will visit the gardens during the congress to be held this month. Nothing is known as to the cause of death. The animal, however, has been off its feed for some time. Under natural conditions these great tortoises are said to bury themselves at certain seasons, just as the common European tortoises do at the approach of winter, and it is possible that the want of opportunity to bury itself may have had a prejudicial effect on the animal's spirits. Fortunately there are still in the gardens other specimens of the same species in excellent condition, though of smaller size.—London Standard.

"There Is Money in Cripples."

Under this heading a western firm, dubbing itself "Dollar Chasers for the Trade," begins what, to the uninitiated, is a most delicious bit of fun. The circular goes on to say:

"All cripples handled by us are sold on their merit for the highest dollar.

"All cripples coming to us are nursed by men employed for that purpose.

"We have salesmen employed on regular salaries who sell all cripples: he has no interest in the cripples other than to get the most money out of them."

All of which seems very strange and cruel in this active world, but when it is explained that the circular of the firm refers to hogs and cattle crippled in transit and sold by the receivers at nominal prices, the mystery is solved.—Fourth Estate.

THOROUGH WAR INQUIRY.

The President Directs the Commissioners to Investigate Fearlessly.

ALL DEPARTMENTS INCLUDED.

Nine Men Compose the Investigating Commission—To Have Army Reports at Their Disposal—The Commissioners Organize by Electing Officers, and Will Probe the War Department.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The commissioners to investigate the conduct of the War Department during the recent conflict with Spain, held its initial meeting Saturday at the White House. There were eight members present, and it was announced that the services of a ninth, Dr Phineas S. Connor, of Cincinnati, had been secured.

The eight who were present were Major-General Grenville M. Dodge, Colonel J. A. Sexton, of Illinois; Captain E. P. Howell, of Georgia; Major-General J. M. Wilson, Chief of Engineers of the United States Army; Charles Denby, of Indiana, ex-Minister to China; ex-Governor Urban A. Woodbury, of Vermont; ex-Governor James A. Beaver, of Pennsylvania, and Major-General A. McD. McCook, of the Army, (retired).

The commission organized by electing Grenville M. Dodge Chairman and Richard Weightman Secretary, Major Mills, of the Inspector-General's office, to be Military Recorder.

President McKinley's instructions to the commission were of the most comprehensive character. In the two hours' conference he had with the Commissioners the President impressed on them the necessity of a thorough inquiry. He especially directed them to fix the responsibility for any neglect of duty or mismanagement.

The most interesting thing in the President's statement to the Commissioners was that he wanted an investigation made of all departments connected with the army. It was originally intended to have the inquiry cover only the Medical, Commissary and Quartermaster's departments, and the President in his circular telegram to the men invited to serve on the commission limited the scope of the investigation to those branches of the military administration. Now, however, the inquiry is to be general, and will include with the departments mentioned the office of the Adjutant-General, which was intrusted with the transmission of orders for the movement of troops.

It has been asserted that orders for the movements of troops were changed without notification to the Quartermaster's and Commissary's departments by the Adjutant-General, and that many of the complaints charged to the Quartermaster-General and the Commissary-General were actually chargeable to the officers of the Adjutant-General's office, on account of their failure to give timely notification of changes in orders for the movement of large bodies of men.

The President said to the Commissioners, among other things: "I cannot impress upon you too strongly my wish that your investigation shall be so thorough and complete that your report, when made, will fix the responsibility for any failure or fault by reason of neglect, incompetency or maladministration upon the officers and bureaus responsible therefor—if it be found that evils complained of have existed.

"The people of the country are entitled to know whether or not the citizens who so promptly responded to the call of duty have been neglected or misused or maltreated by the Government to which they so willingly gave their service. If there have been wrongs committed, the wrongdoers must not escape conviction and punishment."

OUR PEACE COMMISSIONERS.

They Arrived at Liverpool and Proceeded on Their Way to Paris.

LIVERPOOL (By Cable).—The United States Peace Commissioners landed here early Saturday morning from the Cunard Line Campania, which reached her landing stage before daylight. They are all in good health and refreshed by the voyage for the work in store for them.

The Commissioners were received by the United States Consul, Mr. James Boyle. The Mayor of Liverpool extended to the Commissioners an invitation to attend a function to be held this evening in honor of the British warships now here. The invitation, however, was declined, the Commissioners deeming it unwise to accept civil or social courtesies before entering on their duties at Paris.

The Commissioners proceeded to London. They and their party occupied three parlor coaches at the head of the train, followed by two baggage cars and their effects.

LONDON (By Cable).—The train with the American Peace Commission on board arrived here at 12.30 p. m., Saturday. The Commissioners stopped at the Hotel Cecil, where they remained until Monday. On Monday they left London at 7 o'clock in the morning and arrived in Paris at 7 o'clock the same evening.

Won't Live Under American Flag.

Ten thousand Spaniards living in Porto Rico have refused to live in the island under the American flag, and have demanded that they be returned to Spain at the expense of the Government. The question of the repatriation of the discontented Spaniards has been referred to the State Council at Madrid, Spain.

Brigadier-General Greene Home.

Brigadier-General Greene returned to San Francisco from Manila, Philippine Islands; on the same vessel were Aguinaldo's Commissioners on their way to Paris.

The Labor World.

The South has 491 cotton mills.

Austria made 70,000 bicycles in 1897.

Washington's hop pickers include Indians.

A home for barkeepers is to be established at Waukesha, Wis.

Ironworkers' helpers at Cleveland get from $1.50 to $1.75 a day.

Germany has to-day 403 beet sugar factories, of which Prussia alone has 312.

Springfield (Mass.) carpenters struck for the discharge of a non-union foreman.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen has now nearly 550 lodges, with a membership of over 27,000.

VESUVIUS THREATENING.

The Grim Volcano Menaces the Surrounding Villages and Towns.

STREAMING WALLS OF LAVA.

Indications Point to an Eruption Equaling That of '72—Three Streams Pouring Toward Vetrana, Crocelle and Resina—The Peasants Are Panic-Stricken—Naples Probably Not in Peril.

NAPLES, Italy (By Cable).—Vesuvius is growing more full of menace every day and all the indications point to an outburst of volcanic energy equalling that of 1872, when Palmieri was nearly overwhelmed in his observatory.

That means that modern times have not witnessed an eruption more destructive than this one bids fair to be, for in 1872 villages were destroyed, the countryside seared, thousands of people made destitute, and over sixty killed.

In the meantime, Tosre del Greco and many other towns and villages within the sphere of the monster are in a state of panic. Special prayers are being offered up in the churches for the abatement of the eruption, but the inhabitants are not letting their pious belief in the interposition of Providence interfere with their preparations for flight. At times of quiescence the brow of Vesuvius is decked with a motionless plume of smoke. This plume has swollen to mighty proportions, and its shadow hangs over towns and villages and slopes, where the chocolate hued soil is striated mathematically with bars of vivid green, where the grape and the olive wax rich on the fair outer garment of the savage mountain.

Creeping across the face of this smiling country are three brown streams which look at a great distance no more formidable than earth worms. But at night and near by they are seen to glow a sullen red. They are rivers of lava, and though their course is sluggish, they pause not for an instant. They issue from three of the eight new craters which have burst asunder at the summit of the volcano, and each is moving downward upon a settlement of human habitations. The towns menaced are Resina, a town of 13,000 inhabitants, and two small villages. Resina is very near the site of the ancient city of Herculaneum.

Vesuvius is neglecting no branch of volcanic activity. Her resources embrace the whole field of eruption. Huge boulders and steam are being vomited from three other craters. Two others eject hot ashes and rubble.

THE VOLCANO VESUVIUS.

(This terrible phenomenon is threatening the surrounding villages by its outpour.)

THE BRIDGEPORT MURDER CASE.

Police Release Walter Foster and Say the Mystery is Solved.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn. (Special).—With the arrest of Dr. Nancy Guilford the principals in the Bridgeport mill pond tragedy, according to the police, will all be in the hands of the authorities.

Five prisoners are in custody. They are Eudora and Harry Guilford, Harry Oxley and two negro women members of Mrs. Guilford's household.

The police say that they have now completely unravelled the mystery.

They have found evidence, they say, that Emma Gill's belongings were destroyed in the furnace of the Guilford house; that her body was cut up in the bath tub of the house and then thrown into Yellow Mill Pond by Mrs. Guilford and her son Harry. The girl Eudora and the negro woman will, it is hoped, give important testimony.

Walter Foster has been released. He had nothing whatever to do with the crime.

THE CHINESE CRISIS ACUTE.

Russia Said to Have Offered to Send Troops to Peking.

LONDON (By Cable).—A special dispatch from Shanghai says that Kang-Yu-Wei's brother has been arrested in Peking and condemned to death. The dispatch also says that Sir Claude Macdonald, the British Minister, gave instructions that Kang-Yu-Wei should be protected from arrest. The British Consulate holds his baggage, and documents referring to State secrets.

The Russians are incensed at the latter fact, and it is reported that Russia has offered the Dowager Empress the services of ten thousand troops from Port Arthur to keep order in Peking if necessary.

It is stated that the British fleet in Chinese waters has been divided between Ta-Ku and Shan-Hai-Kwan, under orders to intercept Russian transports in the event of an attempt to land troops.

Khalifa's Last Troops Routed.

The only organized remnant of the Khalifa's army in the Suakim was defeated, and its last stronghold, Gedareff, captured, on September 22, after three hours' hard fighting, when an Egyptian force, numbering 1300, under command of Colonel Parsons, routed 3000 Dervishes, of whom 500 were killed. Three Egyptian officers were wounded and thirty-seven Egyptian soldiers killed and fifty-nine wounded.

General Wood's New Powers.

President McKinley has extended the jurisdiction of Military Governor Wood, so that it now embraces the whole province of Santiago de Cuba, and has appointed Lieutenant-Colonel A. A. Wiley, of the Fifth Immunes, Lieutenant-Governor, with the duties of reorganizing the civil courts and the administration of all civil affairs in Eastern Cuba.

President Reviews Marines.

A detachment of the Marine Corps which served at Guantanamo, Cuba, arrived at Washington, and was reviewed by President McKinley.

Nine New Brigadier-Generals.

President McKinley has appointed the following named officers to be Brigadier-Generals of volunteers: Lieutenant-Colonel Charles D. Vielee, First United States Cavalry; Colonel William M. Wherry, Sixteenth United States Infantry; Colonel John H. Page, Third United States Infantry; Lieutenant-Colonel G. S. Carpenter, Seventh United States Infantry; Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Patterson, Twenty-second United States Infantry. Lieutenant-Colonel A. S. Daggett, Twenty-fifth United States Infantry. Lieutenant-Colonel C. F. Humphrey, quartermaster's department. Colonel J. F. Weston, subsistence department. Colonel Willis G. Hulings, Sixteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers.

NEW YORK REPUBLICAN CONVENTION

Colonel Roosevelt Nominated For Governor and Expansion Policy Endorsed.

SARATOGA, N. Y. (Special).—The Republican State Convention met here Tuesday, and nominated Colonel Theodore Roosevelt for Governor.

The convention was largely attended and very enthusiastic. It was called to order by Chairman Odell at 12.25. The Rev. Dr. Johnson, of this city, offered prayer. The roll of delegates for substitutes and corrections was called. After the calling of the roll Sereno E. Payne was the Temporary Chairman. Senator Horace White was the Permanent Chairman.

Chauncey M. Depew placed in nomination Colonel Roosevelt. He delivered an eloquent address which elicited great applause. He reviewed the present situation brought about by the war with Spain, and eulogized the character and record of Colonel Roosevelt.

Judge J. Rider Cady, of Hudson, nominated Governor Black in a telling speech, reviewing the administration of the Governor. When the vote was taken Colonel Roosevelt received 753 votes and Governor Black 218, which made the former the nominee of the convention.

The other candidates nominated are: Lieutenant-Governor, Timothy L. Woodruff, of Kings; Comptroller, William J. Morgan, of Erie; Secretary of State, John F. McDonough, of Albany; State Treasurer, John B. Jaeckel, of Cayuga; State Engineer, Edward A. Bond, of Jefferson, and Attorney-General, John C. Davis, of Oneida.

The platform adopted compliments the National Administration for the conduct of the war, congratulated the army and navy upon their splendid victories, commended the annexation of Hawaii, renewed allegiance to the St. Louis platform, favored the upbuilding of a merchant marine, and declared the position of the party upon territorial expansion in the following words: "We realize that when the necessities of war compelled our Nation to destroy Spanish authority in the Antilles and in the Philippines, we assumed solemn duties and obligations alike to the people of the islands we conquered and to the civilized world. We cannot turn these islands back to Spain. We cannot leave them, unarmed for defense and untried in statecraft, to the horrors of domestic strife or to partition among European powers."

CYCLONE KILLED SIX.

Hurricane Cut a Swath Through Tonawanda, N. Y., and Ontario Cities.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y. (Special).—The fatal cyclone of Monday passed over the trip of land between Lakes Ontario and Erie, passing almost parallel with the Welland Canal, cutting a swath three hundred feet wide through the peninsula. A portion of it went almost at right angles with the main path, and took in Tonawanda. It struck St. Catharines, Morriton and Grantham, Ontario, hardest.

The number of lives lost is six. At least six more were fatally injured. The dead are: Ida Moffatt, eleven years old, killed at the collapse of the ward school at Morritan; Clara O'Neill, twenty-seven years old, killed at the fall of the Lincoln paper mill, Morriton; Mr. John Hickley, killed by fall of debris, of Orange Hall; —— Aiken, young girl, killed at Grantham by a fall of a house; —— Aiken, her sister, killed at the same place; unidentified woman killed at Stamford while picking grapes.

The fatally injured, all of whom were crushed by the fall of Lincoln Mill, are Kennis Nester, Mary Welch, James Macarthy, Mary O'Neil, Robert Barclay.

Besides these there are a score of young children hurt by the fall of the school house at Morriton.

At Tonawanda no person was killed. John Menette, an old man, had an arm and a leg broken, and is in a critical condition. A baby name Post was also seriously injured.

It is now believed that the damage by the cyclone in Tonawanda and vicinity will exceed $100,000.

Many people are homeless, and several are suffering from injuries sustained during the storm.

CIGARETTES LED BOY TO SUICIDE.

Peter Crance, Fifteen Years Old, Tried in Vain to Stop Smoking.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y. (Special).—Thomas Crance, son of Peter Crance, of Liberty, Sullivan County, killed himself Tuesday in a grove after asking his companions if he should kill himself.

Crance, who was fifteen years old, was a confirmed cigarette smoker. He went to the grove with several companions to shoot at a mark. He had an old rusty revolver, which did not appear to work well at target practice.

Turning toward his companions he said: "Boys, this is no good at practice; what do you say to my trying it on you just for luck?"

"Oh, Tom! Don't shoot us!" cried the lads. They were much younger than Crance. He turned the revolver away for an instant, and finally said: "Well, then if you don't want me to shoot you, perhaps I had better try the old thing on myself."

Before the boys had an opportunity to reply Crance placed the muzzle of the revolver against his eye and fired. The bullet passed out at the back of his head and he died almost instantly.

The case is regarded by many acquainted with the lad as one of deliberate suicide, due to the fact that the constant use of cigarettes had weakened his mind. On several occasions Crance had attempted to abandon the habit of cigarette smoking, but he told his associates it seemed next to impossible to do so.

SPAIN'S DEMANDS AT PARIS.

Her Peace Commissioners Instructed to Contend For the Philippines.

MADRID, Spain (By Cable).—Duke Almodovar de Rio, Minister of Foreign Affairs states that the Spanish Peace Commissioners have been instructed to contend strongly for the integrity of Spanish sovereignty in the Philippines, on the ground that the protocol between Spain and the United States was signed before Manila captured, and also to make a firm stand regarding the Cuban debt and the Philippine loan of 1896, if Luzon is ceded to America.

Should the United States prove less exacting than is expected, the Commissioners have power to make all possible concessions, political and commercial, compatible with the retention of Spanish sovereignty in the Philippines, but in the event of losing a part of the islands, they are instucted to resist to the utmost any attempt of the United States to claim the right of preference over other Powers should Spain desire to sell or cede the remainder of the islands. It is understood, however, that all instructions are only ad referendum.

Relief Supplies May Enter Cuba.

General Blanco has ordered the free entry of relief supplies sent from the United States to Cuba.

Lived in the Time of Washington.

One hundred and thirty years of age was what Lewis Washington, a colored man, who died of old age at his residence in Omaha, Neb., claimed to be. Washington had been a resident of Omaha for a great many years. There is no question that he was far advanced in years, for his whitened head and beard were proof of that, although he had few of the infirmities of old age. He claimed to have seen and known George Washington, and there was a report that he was one of Washington's slaves. His wife died in February, 1890, in this city, at the age of 104 years.

Personals.

Ex-Congressman Elbridge A. Thompson, of Dover, Me., has presented a free library to the town.

Emil Zola assigns as one reason for absenting himself from France the belief that he would be assassinated.

United States Senator Kyle has become a Republican. He was elected to the United States Senate as a Populist.

It is asserted upon the highest authority that the personal estate of Prince Bismarck does not represent as much as $500,000.

Frederick W. Lincoln, the War Mayor of Boston, who died a few days ago, was a descendant of Amos Lincoln, son-in-law of Paul Revere and a member of the famous "Tea Party."

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

Dr. Jose Congosto, Secretary General of the Cuban autonomist government arrived from Havana. He said the Spaniards would leave the island when they were ready to do so, and that the reconcentrados were all dead.

Edward Brooks, a grocer, eighty-one years of age, killed himself over his wife's grave in Glenwood Cemetery by shooting himself through the head. He had been visiting her grave every day since her death, four years ago.

Part of the Third Infantry has been ordered to Fort Snelling, Minn., to quell Indian disturbances.

The Navy Department sent $20,000 worth of air bags to Hobson to help raise the Colon.

Mechanical reproductions of typewritten or manuscript letters may be mailed as printed matter under a new ruling by the Postmaster General.

Major-General William M. Graham United States Volunteers, has been placed on the retired list of the regular army, with the rank of Brigadier-General.

The Navy Department has decided to send the big ocean-going tug Iroquois, now at San Francisco, to Honolulu for the use of the naval station to be established there.

The President appointed Augustine W. Ferrin, of New York, agent for the Indians of the New York Agency, in New York.

The year's seal catch on the seal islands was reported at 18,000 skins, 3000 less than in 1897.

General Francis V. Greene arrived from Manila, accompanied by the representatives of Aguinaldo.

The War Department instructed the commanding officers of the military camps and departments that any applications for discharges of enlisted men would not be entertained except they reach it through military channels, and that the officers must not hold back applications for discharge, but forward them promptly.

The Attorney-General has rendered an opinion that the retirement of officers of the regular army who have been promoted in the volunteer service does not affect their volunteer commissions.

Domestic.

The verdict on the Umpire Mine disaster, at Brownsville, Penn., blamed the mine officials.

Great forest and prairie fires are raging in Colorado.

Nearly 3000 Philadelphia carpet-weavers have been thrown out of work by the shut down decided on by the manufacturers.

Thomas Miller, a mailing clerk, who has been employed in the Jacksonville (Fla.) office seven years, has been arrested for theft from the mails. A large amount of mail was found in his possession, and considerable money was recovered. Miller made a full confession.

Edward Johnson, a farm hand, has confessed to the murder of Oscar Osborne, a wealthy farmer, whose body was found in his barn in Akron, Ohio.

Medals were presented to the officers and crew of the cruiser Brooklyn at a reception in the Twenty-third Regiment Armory, Brooklyn, Thursday afternoon, and a sword was presented to Captain Cook.

The safe of the Farmers' Bank at Flora, Ind., was blown open by robbers, who got $12,000. Cashier William Lennon who appeared on the scene, was fatally shot.

The steamship Admiral Sampson was launched at Cramps' shipyard at Philadelphia.

Fifty-nine returning Klondike miners brought less than $100,000 in gold dust.

The Piccadili Club gave a banquet a few nights ago at Cincinnati, Ohio, at which was dedicated the loving cup, made by the Rockwood Pottery, to be presented to Admiral Dewey.

At Edison Park, Chicago, a few days ago, Joseph Pfaff was shot to death by Albert Danish. The shooting followed a violent quarrel about some trivial matter. Danish disappeared and after a search his body was found in the woods near by. He had committed suicide.

The body of Oscar Osborne, a farmer who lived at Akron, Ohio, was found dead in his barn. He had been murdered for money. He was eighty years old and very wealthy. There is no clue to the murderer.

Kansas Populist State authorities have decided that the Socialist State ticket shall have a place on the official ballot.

Richard C. Gunning, former South Town Assessor, Chicago, has been found guilty of soliciting a bribe. Gunning was recently convicted and find $200 for willful malfeasance in office.

Henry B. Freeman, Jr., son of Professor Henry B. Freeman, of the State University of Wisconsin, committed suicide at Madison, Wis., by taking chloroform. He was found dead in his bedroom by his father.

Heavy weather destroyed what a former storm had left of the pier at Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, L. I.

Thomas Collins, the last but one of the members of the great railroad building firm of Collins Brothers, died a few days ago at Bellefonte, Penn.

The Carnegie Company will erect a plant at Homestead, Penn., for the manufacture of heavy artillery.

James D. Walsh, a blacksmith, was drowned in Housatonic Canal at Derby, Conn. While Walsh and Patrick Ryan were driving over Housatonic avenue their horse took fright and ran away. Ryan was thrown out just before the canal was reached. The horse leaped into the canal and swam about 200 feet and then climbed up a bank.

A barbecue will be held on the occasion of the peace jubilee in Chicago October 17 and 18. One or more of the big public parks will be utilized for the purpose. Hundreds of head of cattle and sheep have been promised by Chicago packers.

Captain Brooks, of the yacht Chispa, which was anchored in the stream opposite Sausalito, Cal., was murdered Saturday morning by two bay pirates. They boarded the little vessel and had plundered the lockers when Captain Brooks and a companion made their appearance on deck. A desperate fight ensued, during which Captain Brooks was killed, and the other man was wounded. The murderers made their escape.

A tornado visited Lima, Ohio, a few days ago. The path of the storm was short and narrow, but its force was terrific. Many persons were injured and over fifty residences were more or less damaged, and the property loss will be very great.

Cincinnati turned out en mass Saturday to honor the returned Sixth Infantry, United States Army, under command of Lieutenant-Colonel Miner. A parade through the streets of the city, followed by a dinner to the regiment at the Grand Hotel, was the form of demonstration.

The fall rush from the Klondike country has commenced in earnest, and the population of Dawson City is being lessened by a couple of hundred daily. There is a great deal of fever in Dawson. About five hundred patients are in the hospitals.

The presence of troops during the spring and summer at many Southern points was very helpful to trade at those points.

Clarence White, of Marshall murder fame, who has a long criminal record, shot and instantly killed Policeman Tuxford Saturday afternoon at Chicago, just after the latter had arrested White for burglary.

Foreign.

The American and Spanish Peace Commissioners breakfasted in Paris on Wednesday.

Reports have reached General Wood at Santiago that the Cubans in the vicinity of Manzanillo are causing great trouble by their lawlessness.

Great alarm has been caused in Havana by the wholesale pardon of criminals by the Colonial Cabinet.

Launcelot Willoughby Middleton, alias Alexander McDonald, the bigamist and pretended railroad promotor, was sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary at Woodstock, Canada, for bigamy. He had four wives.

The guns which were taken ashore from the Spanish cruiser Alfonso XII. during the blockade of Havana by the American fleet, and which were placed in the Reina Battery, have been returned on board that vessel and remounted.

Continued discontent at the British Government in Jamaica is reported and the sugar planters are taking action looking to freedom from the English yoke.

JUSTICE A. VAN WYCK NOMINATED.

New York Democrats Hold State Convention—Platform Devoted to State Issues.

SYRACUSE, N. Y. (Special).—The Democratic State Convention met here Wednesday and held a two days' session for the nomination of a State ticket. Justice Augustus Van Wyck, of Brooklyn, was nominated for Governor at the second day's session on the first ballot, and his nomination was made unanimous.

The convention was harmonious throughout. George M. Palmer, of Schoharie, was Temporary Chairman. He delivered an eloquent address to the gathering. The list of delegates was read and approved, and the three Committees on Credentials, Resolutions and Permanent Organization were appointed. A recess was then taken until 11 o'clock Thursday morning.

The second day's proceedings began at a little after 12. Permanent organization was effected by Frederick C. Schraube, of Lowville, being made Permanent Chairman. He addressed the convention. The following were nominated for Governor: Justice A. Van Wyck, of Brooklyn; James K. McGuire, of Syracuse; Judge Robert C. Titus, of Erie, and John B. Stanchfield, of Chemung. One ballot was taken. The votes cast for Van Wyck were 351; for Stanchfield, 41; for Titus, 30, and for McGuire, 12.

The rest of the ticket was unanimously chosen. It is: For Lieutenant-Governor, Elliot Danforth, of Chenango; for Secretary of State, George W. Batten, of Niagara; for Comptroller, Edward S. Atwater, of Dutchess; for State Treasurer, Elliott B. Norris, of Wayne;

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

First Elephant In America.

It is not generally known that a former citizen of Owensboro brought across the ocean the first elephant that was ever in America. The name of the gentleman was Moses Smith, who at one time owned a vast body of land from the mouth of Panther creek up the river, embracing nearly all the present farms in the neighborhood of Sorgho. Mr. Smith was at Paris with his brother and had "more money than he knew what to do with." He told his brother that he intended taking something to America that the people had never seen. "You had better buy an elephant," said the jocular brother, and that was what Moses did.

He picked out the biggest animal he could find and paid an enormous price for it. He brought it to New York, where it was a nine days' wonder, but the owner soon found that he had something worse than the proverbial white elephant on his hands. He tried to sell it, but could find no buyer and at last undertook to give it away, in which he was equally unsuccessful. Finally he found a man who agreed to pay him $100 for it, and this individual put it on exhibition. He was so successful that he went into the show business and made a fortune out of Mr. Smith's folly. Colonel Frank McKernan of Adairville is a grandson of Mr. Smith, who lived to a great age at his home in this county.—Owensboro (Ky.) Inquirer.

Everybody says so.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and billiousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Feb'y. 21, 1898.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sunday), leave Elizabeth City, at 12:30, P. M., and 6:00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:20, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all Bay and Sound lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Dardenboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & N. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C. Stops at Roanoke Island, Ocracoke and Oriental.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Newberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station, New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. E. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag't

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

W. H. Morris,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

☞ Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO.,
Successors to John H Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

☞ All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER

2nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.

☞ Patching and mending RubberBoots a specialty.

GROVES

TASTELESS

CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.

WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 699 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction or met with such favor with our customers.

Linvill, Adams & Co.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday.

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF BOTH THE CITY AND THE COUNTY.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republican County Convention held on the 15th of July having adjourned to meet at the call of the Chairman, I hereby issue a call for the delegates to meet at Elizabeth City on Friday, October 7th, 1898, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for County officers, to wit: Clerk of the Superior Court, Register of Deeds, Sheriff, Treasurer, Commissioners, Representative, Coronor and Surveyor, and transacting such other business as the interests of the party require.

W. G. POOL, Chairman.

FACTS TO REMEMBER. . .

Not only is the American manufacturer holding his own market under the Dingley Tariff law, but he is pushing his goods into all the markets of the world at a rate that must be astonishing to those who claim that a Protective Tariff would cause our manufacturers to lose all their foreign trade.

It was generally known long before the Bureau of Statistics could foot up the figures and announce the grand total, that our exportation of agricultural products during the last fiscal year was largely in excess of any single year in the history of the country, and it is now known that our exportation of manufactured articles during the last fiscal year exceeded that of any other year by nearly $12,000,000 and reach in value the enormous sum of $288,871,440, and, what is still more gratifying, our imports of manufactured articles during the same period were unusually light, showing that our manufacturers have recovered control of the market, which they partially lost under the low Tariff law enacted by the Democrats, as well as increased their foreign trade. These are the sort of facts that will have to be forgotten before the people of this country vote the Democratic party back into power; they are also the sort of facts that speak for themselves and need no labored argument, to make them understood.

POINTING WITH PRIDE.

We point with pride to our fulfillment of the promise of Tariff reform. With a return to Protection there has come a change in the balance of trade. Under Cleveland we were shipping millions of gold to Europe in exchange for goods bought of foreigners. Under McKinley Europe is shipping millions of gold to us in exchange for our products and manufactures. We point with pride to the revival of trade, the advance of wages, the improved condition of the agricultural class that we predicted as a sure of result of return to Republican policies. The coming winter will make no call for free soup houses for the hundreds of thousands of unemployed.

NATIONAL EXPANSION.

Those persons whose who continue to argue against National expansion since the annexation of Hawaii and the acquisition of Porto Rico do not seem to realize the absurdity of their conduct. It is as absurd as if one should revamp the arguments against the annexation of Texas or the purchase of Alaska. National expansion is as much an accomplished fact in one case as in the other, and the time for discussing it as an open question has passed.

One of the last acts of Democratic administration before the civil war began was to borrow money at 12 per cent a year, while a Republican administration during the war borrowed at 6 per cent. More than thirty years ater a Democratic administration in time of peace borrowed $262,000,000 at 4½ per cent, and a succeeding Republican administration borrows $2,000,000 in time of war at 3 per cent. Such facts as these are not accidents.

The exportation of agricultural implements for July, 1898, amounted to $634,889, against $454,579 for July of 1897. Foreign farmers are recognizing the excellence of American made tools as well as American methods,

No political party in the United States has ever succeeded by attacking the conduct of a successful war, and the present policy of the Democratic party will furnish new proof of the fact.

☞ The Cooperation majority in this Senatorial District two years ago was 2,507. Harry Skinner's majority for Congress was 6,226.

☞ Sensible and fairminded people are not influenced by abuse. And that is what the Democratic editors and speakers very largely indulge in.

The President's investigation will go on and it will be directed by men who will disclose whatever of evil there has been and expose them.

Co-operation will sweep the State by a good majority.

DELIBERATE DECEPTION.

Perhaps, after all, the Democrats are entitled to some sympathy. They may be, from a partisan standpoint, somewhat excusable for using the negro racket, for they have so little else to talk or write about except the negro. They have deliberately deceived the people again and again on silver and the money issue, and after refusing to fuse with the Populists on silver and anti monopoly issues, and after surrendering to the Railroad and putting Clevelandites in charge of the campaign, they knew it would be folly to try to deceive the people any further on those econemic questions. So to distract their attention they all howl negro! negro!! negro!!! when they well know there is no danger of negro government in North Carolina and they are deliberately lying and deceiving.

Four-fifths of the customs dues in New York are now paid in gold. Under a Republican admioistaation gold flows into the Treasury in a strong and steady stream.

No doubt the Army will be benefited by the investigations of the conduct of the War. The subject, however, has no relation to partisan gammon.

It is stated that about $2,500 has now been collected for the proposed monument to Ensign Worth Bagley.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Sept., 30, 1898.

President McKinley received the representative of Aguinaldo, the Chief of the Philippine insurgents, as a private individual, and heard what he had to say about the wishes of the insurgents, as a private individual, and heard what he had to say about the wishes of the insurgents as to the government of the Philippines, but he made no promises. Gen. Greene brought full official reports from Admiral Dewey and Gen. Merritt on present conditions in the Philippines, and the latter is now on his way to Paris for the purpose of advising the American Peace Commissioners. Although there is no probability that President McKinley has any idea of turning the control of the Philipines over to Aguinaldo, it may be put down as certain that all persons having legitimate rights in the Philippines will be fully protected in those rights, just as the rights of our citizens are protected.

President McKinley has been personally assisting the Commission engaged in investigating the conduct of the war in making arrangements that will enable them to get all the information desired. Complaints are invited from the lowest as well as the highest; all that is asked is that the matters complained of shall be those which came under the personal knowledge of the complainant. Representatives of the press associations are to be present when testimony is taken by the commission.

Maj. Gen. Francis V. Greene arrived at Washington this week direct from Manila. While Gen. Greene will not talk about matters that are covered in his official report, now in the hands of the President, he tells many interesting things about Manila and our troops there. He says our men are comfortably quartered, all under roof, and that their general health is good. When asked how the American soldiers got along with the natives, Gen. Greene replied: "Very well, indeed. The men have liberty for a mile from their barracks, and they mingle with the natives in friendly fashion. They seem to accommodate themselves to circumstances with the least possible annoyance. The natives on their part, are well disposed, and the insurgents, so far as I found them, were tractable and anxious to please us. We lived beside them for some time and had no trouble with them. They are a peaceably disposed people."

Senator Chandler, who is now in Washington, said: "The only reason why Secretary Alger was selected for attack instead of the bureau chiefs of the War Department, who are the responsible parties, is because the Democrats think party capital may be made by attacking him while it cannot be made by attacking them. But the attack is none the less without reason. The investigation which the President has wisely ordered, by able and impartial men—no wiser or more fearless man exists than Gen. Granville M. Dodge—will show what mistakes have been made, and it will appear that few have been made by the Secretary, and all by army officers, who are not politicians, and for whom the politicians are not responsible. So the attempt to make party capital by exhibiting to the world national sores, if there are any, will react upon its authors, and the Democrats for teeir unpatriotic cry will lose ten votes in 1900 where they gain one in 1898. They started to be this time a patriotic war party, and not, as before, a copperhead party. They are in danger or ending in the garb of banded malcontents, belittling the war and treasing it only as an excuse for petty partisan assaults which should find no place in connection with our magnificent battles for the expulsion of cruel Spain from the American continent and from the Philipines as well.

In every direction the United States is reaching out for markets for every line of its products. Consul General Gowey, at Yokohama, Japan, in a communication to the Department of State, says that Japan imported 182,484 pounds of butter during 1897, of which the United States furnished 73,000 pounds, the rest being divided by Austria, Denmark, Germany, Holland, Italy and Switzerland. California sent nearly all the American butter. "I have no doubt that United States creamery butter, properly prepared for table use and put up in attracktive packages in suen a manner as to preserve its sweetness and keep it fresh, would speedily control the market." He says the average price received for butter is 35 cents a pound in gold.

The political sky is brightening.

The State Farms Under Democratic Manazement.

The Halifax farm was leased from certain individuals under Democratic management and is now costing the State under Democratic contract about $1,500 a year. The above farm never has been worth the rent but was saddled upon the State to be cleared and ditched and for royal rents paid to the fortunate lessors. After it had been improved, cleared up and taken out of the wilderness and buildings placed upon it by the State, Gen. Matthew W. Ransom, of Northampton county, notified the Superintendent of the Penitentiary and the Governor of the State that the Democratic board had taken the lease and paid out uncounted thousands of dollars in the way of improvements and rents upon property to which they had no title. That the lease was void and worthless because there was a mortgage on the property and the mortgaee did not join in the lease and the mortgage had been foreclosed and Gen. Ransom or his son had become the purchased.

This reckless doings of the Democratic officials has cost the State thousands of dollars.

The Democratic officials rented or leased the Castle Hayne property and rented out the convicts to the North Carolina Phosphate Company which had been digging for phosphate rock. Instead of collecting the money for these convicts the Democratic officials took the notes of the Phosphate Company. The individual stockholders of this company were reputed rich, they are so regarded now. These Democratic officials took the paper of the Phosphate Company without having obtained the endorsement or security of these rich stockholders, who were really getting the labor of the convicts for themselves.

When the people dispensed with the Democratic administration there was dumped upon the present administration $16,000 of the worthless paper of this insolvent corporation.—a shametul transaction and a great loss to the State.

The Democratic board made a contract for the lease of about 2,500 acres of waste land (Anson farm) consisting of rocks, gulleys and overflow bottom, some old turned-out fields and a considerale quantity of growing wood. This contract provides that the State may buy this property for about $25,000 but the contract made the State pay and is now making the State pay by way of rent every year nearly six per cent. of $40,000. Upon the best information the said farm was valued for taxation at about four or five thousand dollars when the State took hold of it and it could have been bought for six or seven thousaad dollars, and at that time was not paying a net interest of six per cent. on $5,000. This contract of the Democratic board has taken from the taxpayers of North Carolina thousands of dollars to purchase and keep this farm in operation.

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was anvised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial., took in all eight bottles. It has cured me and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at A. Wadsworth's drug store. Regular size 50c and 100. Guaranteed or price refunded.

Valuable to Women.

Especially valuable to women is Browns' Iron Bitters. Backache vanishes, headache disappears, strength takes the place of weakness, and the glow of health readily comes to the pallid cheek when this wonderful remedy is taken. For sickly children or overworked men it has no equal. No home should be without this famous remedy. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

Hope Came to Him.

A number of persons were talking about coincidences, when a clergyman gave an instance in his own experience. "When I was a very young man, before I entered the ministry," said he, "I met with a series of misfortunes and was nearly discouraged. One day I was seated on a bench in the park of a foreign city. My head was sunk upon my hands and black despair covered me like a cloud. I had about concluded to struggle no longer when a slight noise attracted my attention, and I glanced up to see standing before me and contemplating me with big, solemn eyes the most beautiful little girl I have ever beheld. 'What is your name, my pretty child?' was my natural inquiry. 'Hope,' she answered in a clear, sweet voice. Then she turned and ran away, and the little earthly form whose lips had brought me a message of comfort disappeared forever, but the white spirit of her name she had left in my heart, and from that day I prospered. My eldest daughter is called Hope."—Exchange.

Corkers.

At a London club there is the most unique pair of curtains in existence. This portiere is formed of hundreds of champagne corks, taken from every known brand of champagne, each of which bears the tin top which adorned it when the cork was in its parent bottle. The corks are made into strings, there being 60 of them to each string. Between every cork there are three big Chinese beads of turquoise blue. Altogether there are 24 strings, and at from 12s. to 16s. a cork, the portiere represents a total expenditure of about £1,000. The corks are tied to a white enameled pole, with fancy ends, and big sashes of blue ribbon adorn the brass knobs. The total effect is distinctly pretty. What makes this unique portiere doubly valuable is the fact that each cork bears the autograph of a famous actor or actress of the present day. —London Standard.

CROUP

Mothers, when your children are attacked by the dreadful croup, you need not despair; Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will relieve and cure them at once. You can always depend on this marvelous remedy; it always cures.

Dr. Bull's
COUGH SYRUP

Will cure Croup without fail.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

Got a Whole Lot For Nothing.

The man who always wants something for nothing made a discovery last week in a Diamond street restaurant. A waiter upset a glass on the marble topped lunch counter, breaking the edge of the glass. The waiter carelessly tossed it under the counter and got another with a smooth edge for the customer he was serving.

"What do you do with glasses thus slightly damaged?" asked the customer of the restaurant proprietor, relating the circumstance.

"Oh, we give them away; have to get rid of them; can't endanger the lips of customers by serving them in nicked glasses. But why are you interested?"

"Why, I thought if you would give me a few of the old glasses my wife might use them for jellies."

"Give me your address and I'll send you some," volunteered the restaurant keeper.

The man with a longing for articles without price went away gleefully, calculating mentally on how much he had saved on jelly glasses. Two days later, when he went home from business, he found 13 barrels in his back yard. His wife said she supposed he had sent them, and she paid the man $4.75 for delivering them. When opened, the barrels were found to contain broken glassware and china of all sorts. None of it could be used, not even for jelly glasses. An ash hauler charged $2 for taking away the rubbish. The man who wants things for nothing has withdrawn his patronage from a particular restaurant in Diamond street.—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Questioning Is Not Conversation.

The man who imagines that the art of conversation consists in asking questions spoils conversation as much as the man who never asks any. People of this description will interrupt a speaker as frequently as they do in the French chamber, and run anxiously from subject to subject with their interrogatories, like a cackling hen that is going to lay an egg. Horace Walpole, when exiled at Houghton, bemoans the existence of such a pest in the person of an aunt. Writing to his friend Sir Horace Mann, he says: "I have an aunt here, a family piece of goods, an old remnant of inquisitive hospitality and economy. She wore me so down by day and night with interrogations that I dreamed all night she was at my ear with a 'who's, why's, when's and what's, till at last in my very sleep I cried out, 'For heaven's sake, madam, ask me no more questions.'"

Dr. Johnson's dislike of being questioned is well known, and he gives the classic refutation of the habit in his own inimitable style: "Sir, questioning is not the mode of conversation among gentlemen. It is assuming a superiority, and it is particularly wrong to question a man concerning himself."—Chambers' Journal.

WHY COUGH

Why cough and risk consumption, when the celebrated Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure you at once? It never fails to cure throat and lung troubles. For bronchitis, sore throat and hoarseness it is invaluable.

Dr. Bull's
COUGH SYRUP

Will cure a Hacking Cough.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

A Generous Admission.

The London Graphic tells the following story about Hans Richter in an article on conductors:

Dr. Richter's popularity with his men is easily intelligible, for while nothing escapes his argus-eyed vigilance he always recognizes and acknowledges good work. A few years ago, while he was conducting—from memory, as usual—one of Brahm's overtures at St. James' hall, "a strange thing happened," as Mr. Haggard used to say. Band and conductor lost touch for several bars, and when the piece was ended Dr. Richter signaled to the orchestra to play the overture again from the beginning. This time everything went without a hitch, and at the close Dr. Richter turned round, and addressing the audience said, "Ladies and gentlemen, the mistake was mine, not the orchestra's," a generous admission which provoked a salvo of applause.

WINE OF CARDUI

FOR ALL WOMEN

NINE-TENTHS of all the pain and sickness from which women suffer is caused by weakness or derangement in the organs of menstruation. Nearly always when a woman is not well these organs are affected. But when they are strong and healthy a woman is very seldom sick.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

Is nature's provision for the regulation of the menstrual function. It cures all "female troubles." It is equally effective for the girl in her teens, the young wife with domestic and maternal cares, and the woman approaching the period known as the "Change of Life." They all need it. They are all benefitted by it.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

THOS. J. COOPER, Tupelo, Miss., says: "My sister suffered from very irregular and painful menstruation and doctors could not relieve her. Wine of Cardui entirely cured her and also helped my mother through the Change of Life."

WINE OF CARDUI

Carlyle's Bumptiousness.

Joachim, the great violinist, was introduced to Carlyle by a mutual friend. The sage was about to take his morning walk, and he asked Joachim to accompany him. During a very long walk in Hyde park Carlyle kept the conversation running on Germany and its great men—the Fredericks, Moltke and Bismarck—until at last Joachim thought it was his turn to take a lead, and he started with the inquiry, "Do you know Sterndale Bennett?"

"No," was the reply, and, after a pause, "I don't care generally for musicians; they are an empty, wind baggy sort of people."

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. In use every wrapper.

TRAINING A WARHORSE.

How He Is Taught to Stand the Blaze and Thunder of Battle.

A warhorse is broken to be steady under fire by tying ropes to his legs. While the animal is down on the ground the officer takes a pistol and fires it close to his ear. Then in rapid order he fires the weapon over his back, under his neck, between his legs, anywhere that an opening presents itself during the horse's futile struggles. Not until he sinks back, exhausted, all a-tremble and showing the whites of his eyes, does the pistol practice cease.

After two or three lessons of this kind it is considered safe to mount him with a bridle furnished with a curb bit. Up to this time the horse has never felt a curb. The light snaffle is still retained, and the curb bridle is only given a gentle pressure first, just enough to let him know that it is there. Gradually the strength of the pull is increased, and with this safeguard the horse is taught to stand fire from his rider's pistol or carbine.

In carbine practice the horse must be thoroughly broken, as both hands are required in using this weapon, whereas with the pistol the rider may retain the bridle with one hand.

Then comes saber practice, and that is another trial to the horse. Again is he thrown to the ground, and he probably can't understand why he should have to suffer this indignity all over again, for he has learned that lesson very well. But when the bright blade of the saber, with quick thrusts flashing before his eyes and cutting the air in close proximity to his ears, appears to him he is again terror stricken.

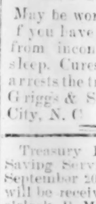
But the lesson he has learned from the smell of gunpowder stands him in good stead, and he soon gets over his fear. And even with a man on his back and another mounted upon a seasoned horse coming at him with saber raised in the air or slashing left and right he knows that it is all a part of his education and something to be expected. So he stands his ground or cavorts about the other horse while the two troopers indulge in their saber practice.—New York World.

"Just as Good"

as Scott's and we sell it much cheaper," is a statement sometimes made by the druggist when Scott's Emulsion is called for. This shows that the druggists themselves regard

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda as the standard, and the purchaser who desires to procure the "standard" because he knows it has been of untold benefit, should not for one instant think of taking the risk of using some untried preparation. The substitution of something said to be "just as good" for a standard preparation twenty-five years on the market, should not be permitted by the intelligent purchaser.



Be sure you get SCOTT'S Emulsion. See that the man and fish are on the wrapper. 50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Securing a Lunatic.

In one of the most fashionable districts of Paris a mock marriage was recently planned for the purpose of securing a rather dangerous lunatic. An attractive young person named Mlle. Delaplume was sitting in her boudoir the other day in a house situated in a street off the Boulevard St. Germain. Suddenly a ring came to the door, and one of her servants, having opened it, ushered in a well dressed man looking like a superior sort of valet. He told Mlle. Delaplume that he had a letter from one of her friends, a countess, and as the young woman put her hand out to receive the missive the stranger seized her fingers, pressed them to his lips, and then, sinking on his knees, made a passionate declaration of love and offered to marry her.

Mlle. Delaplume saw by the man's eyes that he was dangerously mad, and, fearful of a tragedy, she accepted his offer with apparent calmness. Then she invited the strange visitor to the mayor's office in order to have the nuptial knot tied. The man accompanied her with alacrity to the establishment in question, where a secretary, informed of the real state of affairs, pretended to read the civil marriage regulations. The mock bridegroom was then taken by a detective to the police depot under the delusion that he was bound for a pastry cook's, there to give an order for a sumptuous wedding breakfast. The man was, it appears, formerly employed as a valet by one of Mlle. Delaplume's friends.—Paris Letter.

$100

Dr. E. Detchon's Anti Diureti

May be worth to you more than $100 if you have a child who soils bedding from incontinence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once; $1. Sold by Griggs & Son, Druggists, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Treasury Department, U. S. Life-Saving Service, Washington, D. C., September 20, 1898. Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 o'clock, P. M., of Tuesday, October 4, 1898, to furnish and deliver to the Fal Cape Life-Saving Station, coast of Virginia, the Whales Head, Paul Gamiels Hill, Nags Head, Pea Island, Chicamacomico, Big Kinnekeet, Cape Hatteras, Durants, Ocracoke, Portsmouth and Cape Lookout Life-Saving Stations, on coast of North Carolina, the quantities of forage required for use at each of the stations during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1899, full information in regard to which can be obtained upon application to the Superintendent of the 6th Life-Saving District, Shawboro, North Carolina, or to this office. S. I. Kimball, General Superintendent.

Notice in Divorce

NORTH CAROLINA, Dare County. } In the Superior Court.

MAGGIE MORTON *vs.* WILLIE MORTON.

IT APPEARING TO THE COURT that a summons has been issued in this cause and returned by the Sheriff that the defendant cannot be found in the State, and this fact is made to appear by affidavit, it is ordered that summons be made by publication, by publishing same in the "Carolinian" for six weeks, commanding the said defendant to appear at the Fall Term of the Superior Court to be holden for the County of Dare on the 7th day of November, 1898, and answer the complaint which will be plead in the Court before that time.

Given at the Court House in said County; this 12th day of Sept. 1898.

J. B. JENNETT, Clerk of the Superior Court.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO

J. A. HOOPER & CO.

LOOK OUT FOR SURPRISES NEXT WEEK.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

CANDY CATHARTIC	..... CASCARETS taste good. Eat them like candy. They remove any bad taste in the mouth, leaving the breath sweet and perfumed. It is a real pleasure to take them instead of nauseating liquids or cannon-ball pills.	BOON FOR MOTHERS ..... CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A tablet taken by the mother makes her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.
PURELY VEGETABLE never before put together in any form.	..... CASCARETS are purely vegetable and contain no mercurial or other mineral poison. They are made of the latest remedies discovered and are a scientific combination	PLEASE THE CHILDREN ..... CASCARETS are liked by the children. They taste good and do good, stop wind-colic and cramps, and kill and drive off worms, and all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.
ANTISEPTIC LAXATIVE kind that breed and feed	..... CASCARETS are antiseptic. That means they stop undigested food from souring in the stomach, prevent fermentation in the bowels and kill disease germs of any	CURE GUARANTEED ..... CASCARETS, taken patiently, persistently, are guaranteed to cure any case of constipation, no matter how old and obstinate, or they chase money will be cheerfully refunded by new system regulate.
LIVER STIMULANT their action easy and natural.	..... CASCARETS tone the stomach and digestive tract, stimulate the lazy liver, make it work. They strengthen the bowels and put them into vigorous healthy condition, making	HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS ..... CASCARETS are sold by all druggists for 10c, 25c, 50c a box, according to size. A 10c box will prove their merits and put you on the right road to permanent health. Don't risk delay.

☞ Don't judge CASCARETS by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior. Try a 10c box to-day, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address

CCC The only genuine. Beware of imitations!

STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, MONTREAL, CAN.; NEW YORK. 230

NO-TO-BAC cures Tobacco Habit or money refunded. Makes weak men strong. Sold and guaranteed by all druggists. Get booklet.

WILLIS H. ROGERS

Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER

106 FULTON MARKET.

New York

North Carolina Shad a Specialty. Stencils furnished at a moment's notice

References:—Guirkin & Co., Bankers beth City, N C, and other Financial uses when desired

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish Lobsters, Etc., Etc.

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET

NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty. ☞ Agents.

ATLANTIC COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Oldest and largest School in Eastern North Carolina. A Preparatory and Finishing School for both sexes. Twenty-first annual session opens

SEPTEMBER 19th, 1898.

Courses of study: English course, Classical course, College Preparatory course, Business course, Instrumental Music course, Vocal Music course.

Diplomas issued upon the completion of any of the above courses.

Students admitted to the State University and the leading Colleges of the State upon certificate from this school. Students prepared for the U. S. Military and Naval Academies. Full faculty of trained teachers, each a specialist in his or her department. Terms as low as consistent with high grade work.

Write for catalogue. Address S. L. SHEEP, President.

Notice of Administration.

Having qualified as Administratrix of the late C. S. Lynch, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement; and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

MRS. C. J. LYNCH, Adm'x C. S. Lynch.

Aug. 19, 1898.

Ripans Tabules cure nau

Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.

Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.

Screens to Order.

SEND FOR DESCRIPTION AND PRICES TO

Kramer Bros & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

SHINGLES!

Machine dressed Cedar Shinges,

of all sizes, always in stock. For sale at the mills of

East Coast Cedar Company,

Pennsylvania Ave.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

NG. Grandy & Co

—BROKERS—

Agents for Woldrige's High G...

FERTILIZE...

We also keep COTTON... and HULLS, the ... world for producin... ing poor cattle. W...

REFERENCES... ers, Hughes ... & Co., Rob... N C.

Bicycles
Of
Known
Reputation
Only

are a safe investment for 1898. The rapid growth of the wheel industry has produced a multitude of makes you had better keep your hands off. Do you buy pretty paint or Bicycles? Beauty is only skin deep. What you want is material, and best quality.

MAKE A CAREFUL INVESTIGATION

and nine cases out of ten your choice will be a wheel of known reputation. We have one on exhibition, and can give you one which reputation is the best the world over for strength, durability and easy running qualities. Call & examine. You will find

Hathaway Bros,

on the corner of Main and Water streets.

North Carolina

Iron Works

—AND—

Supply House.

Machine Shop & Foundry,

MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS

Made and Repaired.

Steamboat & Mill Work a Specialty.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

We are prepared to do Saw-Mill and Steamboat work and General Machine and Foundry work of all descriptions. Our tools consists of 16 to 48 inch Lathes and can turn Shafts 16 feet long. Planers 42 by 42 inches by 16 feet long

We carry in stock a full line of Bogy and Dry Kiln Wheels; also Standard Grate Bars, and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.

We are prepared to do our own pattern work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.

We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Oils, Wastes, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Dressing, Engine and, Rubber Packings, Lubricators, Steam Guages, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Pipe and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Tubes.

We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting, Couplings and Rubber Roofing Paint. And are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Machery of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.

For further information, address,
J. H. PARTRIDGE,
P. O. Box 220. Manager.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—J. M. Meekins. Commissioners—Palen John, Thomas A, Commander, J. A. Kramer. Frank Spence and Wm. W. Griggs. Clerk, Charles Gurkin; Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb; Constable and Chief of Police, Wm. C. Brooks; Street Commissioner, Reuben W. Berry; Fire Commissioner, Allen K. Kramer.

Collector of Customs—Palemon John.

Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. F. Wood, M. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church sts.

CHURCHES.

Methodist: J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, W. S. Perkins, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, P. H. Johnston, pastor. Methodist Episcopal Wheelbee Bailey: Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., each Sunday. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. U. F. Hunter, pastor.

Evangelical Association, R. C. Krupp, pastor, Opera House, every Sunday morning and night.

Colored—Methodist, P. R. Anderson, pastor; Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, Lake Pierce, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, ——— pastor. Antioch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pastor.

LODGES.

Masons: Eureka Lodge No. 317 Geo. W. Brothers, R. W. M.; Dr. J. B. Griggs, S. W.; Dr. A. Pendleton, J. W.; T. B. Wilson, S. D.; C. W. Cobb, D. D.; E. Spence, Treas.; D. B. Bradford, Secy.; L. E. Sawyer, Chaplain; J. A. Hooper and J. Jordan, Steward; E. J. Shepherd, Tiler. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achorce Lodge No. 14; W. A. Jones, N. G.; R. H. Commander, V. G.; H. O. Sawyer, Secy.; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer; W. H. Willard, P. G.

Encampment No. 8; W. A. Jones, C. P.; J. Garrett, H. P.; O. M. Simons, S. W.; H. O. Sawyer, Scribe; W. Twiddy, Treas.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209; H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Gurkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor: R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Hall, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanders, Sachem; Will Anderson, Senior; R. C. Lamb, Chief of Wampum; Luther Holloman, C. of R.; S. H. Morrell, K. of W.; J. P. Simpson, K. of E. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: E. C. Granger, chairman; F. M. Godfrey, W. J. Williams. Standard Keeper, A. Hall. Health Officer, Dr. Isaah Fearing. Attorney, I. M. Meekins.

Clerk, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk; Sheriff, Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Coroner, Joan S. Morris; County Supervisor of Public Roads, Board of Education: John D. Forbes, A. A. Jones and John T. Davis.

SCHOOLS.

Normal, W. S. Hinton, Principal.
Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.
Normal, L. N. Tillett, Principal.
Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

E. F. MARTIN, D. D. S.,
Elizabeth City, N. C.,
Offers his professional services to the public in all the branches of DENTISTRY. Can be found at all times.

ISAAC M. MEEKINS,
Attorney-at-Law.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
Practice in the District and Federal Courts. Collections promptly made.

CRISP,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Manteo, N. C.
Practice in all the Courts. Collections promptly.

HOUSE
C.
offers first-class

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, October 5, 1898.

☞Do your duty.

☞Save the Legislature.

☞See that every Republican is registered.

☞We understand there will be no Fair held here this Fall.

☞Carefully read the article in another column on "The State Farm Under Democratic Management."

☞On the 20th ult, at the residence of Mr. John T. Davis, in Salem, Mr. R. W. Welch, of Chowan was married to Miss Lina V. James of Pasquotank. Rev. P. S. C. Davis officiated.

☞We invite fair discussion, and we do not object to manly criticism but, we repeat, with a blackguard we can have no controversy.

☞The Republican County Convention that met on the 15th of July having adjourned to meet at the call of the Chairman, his call will be seen in another column, to meet here on Friday, the 7th inst, at 11 o'clock, a. m.

☞Since old Tom Babb has been appearing at each Democratic circus as the clown, the Democrats would be willing to eliminate the pages in their "Hand Book," devoted to his exposure, and, too, it is noted that their press is no longer denouncing him. But it's the same old Babb.

☞Isaac M. Meekins, Republican nominee for Solicitor, will address the people of the First Judicial District at Winton on the 5th inst; at Gatesville on the 8th; at Columbia on the 11th; at Cresswell on the 12th; at Roper on the 13th; at Pantego on the 14th; at Swan Quarter on the 15th, and at Belvidere on the 22nd.

☞Skinner and Small are advertised to speak at Winton on the 5th inst at Cnnoho on the 6th; at Williamston, on the 7th; at Bethel on the 8th; at Columbia on the 11th; at Cresswell on the 12th; at Roper on the 13th; at Pantego on the 14th; at Swan Quarter on the 15th; at Edward's on the 18th; at Baybor the 19th, and at Beaufort on the 24th.

☞A bogus "Republican" Convention was held at Hertford on the night of the 26th ult, which was participated in by a few scattering "insurgents" from several counties, at which a resolution was adopted endorsing Josh. L. Wheedbee for Congress! It is reported the Democrats helped to make up the crowd and that the loudest applause came from them. Of course.

☞It was very largely through the influence and efforts of Col. Harry Skinner that Hon. Jeter C. Pritchard was re elected to the Senate. He faithfully acted up to a solemn agreement, He declares to-day that Senator Pritchard is the best man in North Carolina to be in the Senate, and he challenges any man to successfully produce one act of his in the Senate that has been against the interests of the people. Republicans should remember and appreciate all this and vote for Skinner on election day.

☞The Co-operation nominees for the Senate in this District are both good men. They are in the prime of life, intelligent, cultured, broad-minded and progressive. Dr. George W. Alexander, of this county, is an earnest Republican, but he believes that co-operation with the Populists in this State campaign is the right thing to do, as on the vital issues involved Republicans and Populists practically agree. And while Philip E. Shaw, of Hertford county, is a Populist, he, too, favors Co-operation for the same reasons and because it will surely prevent the Democrats from obtaining control of the Legislature. Let Alexander and Shaw have the united support of every Republican and Populist in the District.

☞Isaac M. Meekins, finding that his engagements require his continued absence, making it impossible for him to perform the duties of Mayor, sent in his resignation to the Board of Commissioners at the regular meeting on Monday evening, as follows:

To the Honorable Board of Commissioners:—I herewith respectfully tender my resignation as Mayor of Elizabeth City. My connection with your Honorable Board, to me, has been exceedingly pleasant, and it is with deep regret that I now tender my resignation thereby eliminating my further official connection with you, yet I feel it equally my duty to resign owing to the fact I cannot be here to attend to the duties incident to the office. Thanking you for your kind and courteous treatment, I beg to remain,

Yours, respectfully,
ISAAC M. MEEKINS.

On motion, the resignation was accepted and the Board proceeded to the election of successor, resulting as follows: for T. T. Whitcomb 4 votes, and W. C Glover 1 vote, whereupon Mr. Whitcomb was declared elected. He took the oath of office and was installed. The usual routine business was transacted.

☞There are two kinds of internal revenue stamps of the present issue—documentary and proprietory.

☞The right price on Dress Goods at Fowler & Co.'s.

☞If a howl is a sign of a hit dog the Democratic office hunters are all hit. Their sereeches are wonderful to hear.

☞NOTICE TO FISHERMEN:—For Nets and Twines, see Fowler & Co.

☞Every man who is in favor of a free ballot and a fair count should vote the Co-operation ticket in November.

☞Table Linen and Towels without any extra tariff on them at Fowler & Company's.

☞The candidate who is said to be "in the hands of his friends" often wishes before the campaign is over that others had charge of him

☞SHOES, SHOES, SHOES, for the young and old at Fowler & Co's at bottom prices.

☞The time is approaching when every voter must determine whether he will vote the Democratic ticket, or vote for the Cooperation ticket and save our honest election law.

☞The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

☞Take the "nigger" out of politics in North Carolina and it would have the same effect on the Democratic party as taking the wind out of a foot ball would have on the ball.

☞Fowler & Co are closing out small lots of Shoes for Misses, Ladies and Men at about half price, to clear up their stock.

☞When the Democrats nominated their candidates for the Senators they said to us, "Match 'em." Well, we've done it. The men we have placed in the field as the co-operation candidates are socially, intellectually—in every way the equals of their Democratic competitors.

——WANTED AGENTS in every county. Any one having a little spare time could not put it to better advantage than in selling our lubricating oils. Also makes an excellent side-line for traveling men. For particulars, address The Cleveland Oil Company, Cleveland, Ohio.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac of your druggist, under guarantee to cure, 50c or $1.00. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

☞Crowded stores, liberally patronized places of amusement and well-dressed and cheerful people on the streets prove that Elizabeth City is a prosperous town. It is under Republican rule.

☞It is said that a man's curiosity never rivals that of a woman until

☞If you are going to buy a Parasol or Umbrella, it will pay you to examine Fowler & Co.'s before buying

☞The best farmers are those who are on the lookout for improved methods of culture. They investigate the new processes and take advantage of the means they have to enable them to keep up with the progress of the times,

☞Snobs in high places assume great airs, and are pretentious in all they do, and the higher the elevation the more conspicuous is the incongruity of their position.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

☞The "Eastern Herald" says that "candidate Small jocularly calls Col. Skinner a 'spell-binder.' He is not only 'spell-binder' but a Small-binder, and on the 8th of November Small will be bound hand and foot with not less than 4,000 majority for Skinner."

☞At the two last campaigns for Congress in this District negro speakers were sent out to distract and divide the colored vote. The same racket is being started again. It pleased the Democrats then; it is pleasing them now. It failed then: it will do so again.

☞The Democrats of Camden have nominated the following ticket For Clerk, R. L. Forbes; for Register, C. R Garrett; for Sheriff, Trotman Godfrey; for Treasurer, Wm. M'Coy, and for Representative, John K. Abbott. Let the Republicans and Populists unite on a ticket that can beat it.

☞In the campaign of 1896 the CAROLINIAN told the people that the Co-operation party didn't promise to perform wonders in government nor to work miracles, but simply to give them good government—an improvement upon the then existing order of things. And it has been done. If retained in power the good work will continue to go on in the interests of the people.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

☞The most plentiful crop of the season was that of the fruits of victory.

☞In reply to an inquiry we state that the last leap year was in 1896; the next leap year will be in 1904

☞We are informed that the Judgship has not yet been definitely settled, and, further, that the rumor that Meekins is to be taken down is without foundation.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 5:58 and will set to-night at 5:39.—The man who knows nothing except what he learned from books is poorly educated.—Mr. C. W. Rea, of Edenton, was in the city on Thursday.—Don't heap coals of fire on an enemy until your fingers burn.—Mrs. E. F. Sawyer has returned from a visit to her sister at Berkley, Va.—It is a wise father that can convince his children that the parade is all there is of a circus!—Mrs. S. E. Speight, after several weeks visit to relatives in Maryland, has returned.—It is a mistake to say that a man is known by the company he keeps. The company he refuses to keep is a surer test.—The Directors of the Electric Light Company have employed Mr. Peter Spires as Superintendent.—Hums the Baker:

The staff of life I do supply.
You lean on it and so must I.

—If you would avoid being silly, you'd better do it: sharp critics are listening and watching.—The double-ender office seeker is being found out, and he is receiving a cold shoulder.—The stemer Olive was overhauled at Scott's ship yard last week.—Quite a number of our people attended the circus at Norfolk on Friday.—When little Sammy was asked why he dropped the baby on the floor, he replied: "Well I heard everybody say it was a bouncing baby, and I wanted to see it bounce." He was too literal.—Writes the Versifier:

Ah, sing those dear old songs again,
The sweet, pathetic things;
We only vote them dreadful when
Some cracked old singer sings.

—It takes more skill to adapt to one's own purposes the ideas of others than to originate entirely new ones.—Mrs. Sawyer, wife of Rev. W. W. Sawyer, of Lynchburg, is here on a visit to the family of Mr. John L. Sawyer, on Main street.—Sunday religion that does not run all through the week at the same rate and fullness is an insult to the Creator and a disgrace to Sunday sniffers.—Zenas Fearing, jr., E. R. Spence and Kent Vaughan left Friday for Richmond to attend College.—A down town business man on being asksed if he didn't think money lending had a tendency to make a man hard and unsympathetic, replied. "No. It's the collecting that does."—Mrs. Geo. F. Green, who has been visiting friends and relatives here, has returned to her home in Virginia.—When angry count ten before you speak, if very angry count a hundred.—The Rhymster says:

When cat's away the mice will play,
Unless, perchance, alack!
The mice have heard that noted song
Of how the cat comes back.

—Revival services have been conducted at the Court House during the week by Rev. Mr. Puttman, the Evangelist of the Disciples Church.—How much pain the evils have cost us that have never happened.—Before another week is over some fellows are going to be disappointed.—Men who go abroad circulating defamatory stories about those they are trying to "down" are engaged in a dirty business. Of some of them we had expected better things.—Mr. Proctor G. Pool has removed from his farm in Salem to the city, occupying the residence of the late Judge Pool on Lawrence street.—Mr. David Davis, a well known citizen, departed this life at his residence on West Main street on Sunday morning. His age was 63 years.—Mr. T. J. Jordan is seriously ill at his residence on Dyer street. We hope for his recovery.—Mr. J. B. Burgess, of Old Trap, called on Monday and paid his respects.—On the 28th ult., by Rev. J. H. Hall, Mr. Wm. C. Cooke and Miss Mary Belle Murphy, of Norfolk, were married at the Hotel Central in this city.—Mrs. Louis Selig is visiting relatives and friends in Norfolk.—Mrs. Charlotte Lazer and Miss Maddie Bell, of Harlowe, N. C., who have been visiting Mrs. C. W. Hussey, have left for their homes.—There are a number of vessels on Willey's Ways for overhauling and repairs.—The Quite Observer says:

A smart and clever man is John H. Small,
But for Congressman he won't do at all,
Harry Skinner is again on the track,
And the people will awain send him back.

—The two new horses purchased for the Corporation appear to "fill the bill."—Mr. A. F. Stafford, of Rose Dale, gave us a social call on Monday.—Mayor Whitcomb will occupy the office that was occupied by ex-Mayor's Pool and Banks in the CAROLINIAN Building.—Mr. T. J. Basnight, Postmaster at Scuppernong, gave us a pleasant call yesterday.—Rev. L. L. Williams has left to attend the Episcopal General Convention which begins its sessions at Washington City to-day.—Mr. Thomas J. Jordan, whose illness was noticed above, died yesterday afternoon. He was in his 58th year of age. His many friends will miss him.

The Sure La Grippe Cure.

There is no use suffering from this dreadful malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having pain all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no life or ambition, have a bad cold, in fact are completely used up. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you prompt and sure relief. They act directly on your Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new being. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For sale at A. Wadsworth's drug store, only 50c per bottle.

An Old Idea.

Every day strengthens the belief of owners physicians that impure blood is the cause of the majority of our diseases. Twenty-five years ago this theory was used as a basis for the formula of Browns' Iron Bitters. The many remarkable cures effected by this famous old household remedy are sufficient to prove that the theory is correct. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

Corrected In Rhyme.

Thackeray was much pestered by the autograph hunter, says Hodder in his "Recollections." He disliked above all things to write in an autograph album, and often refused those who asked him to do so and sometimes rather brusquely.

On one occasion the owner of an album, a young lady, was fortunate. Thackeray took her book to his room in order to look it over. Written on a page he found these lines:

Mont Blanc is the monarch of mountains—
They crowned him long ago,
But who they got to put it on
Nobody seems to know.
ALBERT SMITH.

Under these lines Mr. Thackeray wrote:

A HUMBLE SUGGESTION.
I know that Albert wrote in hurry—
To criticise I scarce presume,
But yet methinks that Lindley Murray
Instead of "who" had written "whom."
W. M. THACKERAY.

What Italy Needed.

Shortly before his death, which occurred in 1866, Massimo d'Azeglio, statesman, orator, poet, the painter of "Orlando Furioso," but, above all, the trusty friend and valued counselor of Victor Emmanuel, was talking to a Frenchman, who congratulated him upon the unification of Italy.

"Yes," was the reply, "we have made a new Italy; now we must endeavor to make new Italians."

Providing For an Emergency.

"What will you have?" inquired the waiter as Mr. Heyroob scanned the French bill of fare.

"Waal," he answered, placing his finger over an item, "ye kin bring me some o' that. But don't go away, 'cause if it tastes like it looks in print I'll have to try somethin else."—Detroit Free Press.

Signs.

"Was that man ever a farmer?" inquired Mrs. Corntossel.

"No," answered her husband very positively.

"But he's always talkin about the delights of livin in the country."

"That's what shows he never was a farmer."—Washington Star.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilbains, Corns and all Skin Fruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth

A Sure Thing for You.

A transaction, in which you cannot lose a sure thing. Biliousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulant and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. C. C. C. are a sure thing. Try a box to-day; 10c., 25c., 50c. Sample and booklet free. See our big ad.

No Cure—No Pay.

That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price, 50 cents.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidney and back, in male or female. Relieves retention almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. For sale by Griggs & Son, Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N. C

NATURE'S REMEDY

For the cure of all chronic and acute diseases—a life giving principle, free from all drugs—Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Consumption, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Nervous Frostration and General Debility cured by inhaling

Compound Oxygen.

Our home treatment, which contains two months supply of Compound Oxygen, inhaling apparatus; full directions sent to any part of the country. This includes medical advice during treatment. Pamphlet with advice to the sick, home treatment and testimonials free.

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN,
1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., San Francisco, Cal., Toronto, Can.

The North Carolina College of Agriculture AND Mechanic Arts

Will re-open September 1, 1898, with improved equipment in every department. Twenty-three experienced Specialists in Faculty. Full courses in Agriculture, Science, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Expenses very moderate. For catalogue address PRES. A. Q. HOLLADAY, Raleigh, N. C.

Admistration Notice.

HAVING qualified as Executors of the late Charlotte A. Whitcomb I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate payment and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

T. T. WHITCOMB.
Executor of Charlotte A. Whitcomb.
July 12, 1898.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Read the CAROLINIAN.

The Public School reports a good enrollment and attendance.

Revival services began at Corner Stone Church on Sunday night and continue with commendable spirit.

M. L. Newby has returned to Greensboro to resume his studies at the A. and M. College.

Rev. W. T. Askew has returned to the city after a brief visit to his former home in Hertford county.

Quite a number of our friends availed themselves of the low rates on Friday and visited Norfolk.

Cards are out announcing at an early date the marriage of Simon Page and Miss Della Gregory, both of this city.

Miss Martha Winslow, of Roper, is visiting friends in our community.

Miss Pocahontas Lane has returned to Maryland after a stay of several weeks spent here with her sister, Mrs. Elisha Overton.

Mrs. Eliza Banks, who has been visiting friends here for several days returned Saturday to her home in Berkley.

Married at Princess Anne Sept. 27th, by Rev J. A. Fleming, Henry R. Braswell and Miss Estelle L. Munden.

Preparations are being made by some of our churches for the Roanoke Association which will shortly convene near here.

Miss Clara B. Butler left Friday for the A. and M. College at Greensboro.

William Overton was severely burned about the hands and face one evening last week by the explosion and igniting of some cement he was heating.

Charles Jenkins, of Edenton, paid our city a brief visit last Saturday.

Miss Mattie A. Newby, who has been spending a few days with her parents here, left on Friday last to resume her duties as one of the instructors in the State Industrial School at Winston.

Miss Rachel V. Leigh, of Portsmouth, made a brief visit to the city on Monday.

Several of our young people enjoyed themselves at an evening reception at the residence of Rev. and Mrs. S. P. Smith on Speed street last Thursday. Games and music were indulged in until a late hour.

Roanoke Institute, of which Rev. M. W. D. Norman is President, began its third annual session yesterday morning under favorable conditions.

After having spent several days with friends and relatives here, Misess Blanche Nash and Louisa Rodgers returned last week to their homes in Portsmouth.

Sauney Cartwright, another of our old and respected residents was buried Sunday afternoon. The funeral took place at Mt. Lebanon Church, of which he was a member, and was attended by Christian Aid Burial Society and a large concourse of friends. Rev. Anderson officiated.

Cornelius McMourine has returned from Wilmington, where he attended the State Grand Lodge of Love and Charity.

The trouble with Spain being over Wilson Barker, of this city, has been detached from the U. S. Ship Morrell and is now at home.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Is on every wrapper.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Located in a beautiful and healthful part of the town. The town is one of the most progressive in the State. The purpose of the School is the educating and training of teachers for the Colored Race. Special attention is given to MORAL CHARACTER, VIRTUE, HONESTY and GOOD MANNERS. We endeavor to give students a thorough knowledge of the Common School branches of learning. Besides the regular four-year course, offers a special Professional course of one year. Excellent Model and Training Schools for OBSERVATION and PRACTICE. Students required to do certain amount of teaching in the Model School, under efficient supervision, before graduation. Limited number of children from six to fourteen years of age will be admitted to Model School. Application to Model School should be made by September, 1, 1898. Tuition is Free. Expenses of living moderate. Teachers efficient and kind. Seventh Annual Session opens Monday, September 12, 1898. For catalogue and information address,

P. W. MOORE A. M., Principal

2 LARGE STORES
CONNECTED
and UNDER 1
LIBERAL MANAGEMENT

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room; have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE

Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.
At 6 months old 35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is way up in G the price defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by doing we are sure to secure trade.

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immence supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up to date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dress Goods.

Unusual good value in Plain and Fancy Spring and Summer Dress Goods at Fowler & Co's

Hosiery

Before buying your Hosiery, examine the prices and qualites at Fowler & co's.

Clothing.

Fowler & Co. re offering some Special Bargains in alothing. Some heavy weight or Winter Clothing will be sold for about half their value

Fowler & Co.'s Store is full of new goods and new prices. Give them a call.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar for Medicine until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

TRADE RIPANS TABULES MARK

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due til patent is secured. A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

MONEY

We furnish everything. We start you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is entirely new land, and brings many dollars every week. Beginners are earning from $25 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought Chas. H. Fletcher.

Ripans Tabules.
Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.
Ripans Tabules: at druggists.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

The Bermudas export over 17,000,000 pounds of onions every year.

The public no longer lacks a genuine remedy for skin diseases—Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair & Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50c

Tennessee coal production increased by 217,280 tons in 1897 over 1896.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

There are no poor, no beggars and no workhouses in Hawaii.

Pure Blood Good Digestion

These are the essentials of health. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great blood purifier and stomach tonic. It promptly expels the impurities which cause pimples, sores and eruptions and by giving healthy action to the stomach and digestive organs it keeps the system in perfect order.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5 Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla

A New Torpedo Net.

As a protection against the action of torpedoes our warships were provided with wire-netting shields, or crinolines, which can be expanded by spars so as to form a wall around the vessel's sides. Upon which some ingenious inventer gave the traveling fish-shaped destroyer a cutting implement at its head which could penetrate the wire screen. A new form of crinoline has now been introduced which possesses a mesh of such construction that it cannot be pierced. But the invention probably comes too late; for if any lesson is to be learned from recent events, it is that the torpedo in naval warfare is of such secondary importance that it may be almost neglected altogether. We have learned lately that fighting ships armed with modern guns need not get to close quarters to work terrible destruction upon one another. A couple of miles separating the attacking vessel and that with which she is engaged is regarded as a near range; and no torpedo is effective at a quarter of that distance. Quick-firing guns and accurate marksmanship are the far more important items to attend to, and American perfection in both these respects has really determined the issue in the present war. —Chambers's Magazine.

Samoa's Snake Sivas.

Samoa, it is well known, is one of the very few islands in the Pacific where snakes are found in plenty.

None of the reptiles here, however, are venomous, and in consequence the natives show absolutely no fear of them.

Their indifference to the reptiles is made most markedly manifest at the hamlet of Iva, on the northeast coast of Savaii.

The dancing girls of the place are in the habit of employing the snakes for personal adornment in their dances. They tie them about their necks, their ankles and their wrists, festoon them in their headdresses, and tuck a few extra ones in the belt in readiness to replace such as may escape in the dance.

At their best these sivas danced by the Samoans are revolting shows of savagery. It can be easily imagined that they are made no more attractive by the village maid and her crew of attendant girls careering round adorned with an assortment of writhing red snakes.—London Mail.

The Smallest Monarch.

Probably the smallest monarch in the world reigns over the Hindoo vassal State of Bhopal, and governs a people of more than a million souls. This dwarf is a woman, Djihan-Begum by name; but although she is about fifty years old, she does not appear larger than a child of ten. Her diminutive size does not prevent her, however, from holding the reins of government with a firm hand, and in her realm quiet and order are supreme.—Albany Argus.

AIDED BY MRS. PINKHAM.

Mrs. W. E. Paxton, Youngtown, North Dakota, writes about her struggle to regain health after the birth of her little girl:

"Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—It is with pleasure that I add my testimony to your list, hoping that it may induce others to avail themselves of your valuable medicine.

"After the birth of my little girl, three years ago, my health was very poor. I had leucorrhœa badly, and a terrible bearing-down pain which gradually grew worse, until I could do no work. Also had headache nearly all the time, and dizzy feelings. Menstruations were very profuse, appearing every two weeks.

"I took medicine from a good doctor, but it seemed to do no good. I was becoming alarmed over my condition, when I read your advertisement in a paper. I sent at once for a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and after taking two-thirds of the bottle I felt so much better that I send for two more. After using three bottles I felt as strong and well as any one.

"I think it is the best medicine for female weakness ever advertised, and recommend it to every lady I meet suffering from this trouble."

Maternity is a wonderful experience and many women approach it wholly unprepared. Childbirth under right conditions need not terrify women.

The advice of Mrs. Pinkham is freely offered to all expectant mothers, and her advice is beyond question the most valuable to be obtained. If Mrs. Paxton had written to Mrs. Pinkham before confinement she would have been saved much suffering. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask you Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Sold by all grocers.

Tastes like Coffee Looks like Coffee

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O Accept no imitation.

DREYFUS CASE REOPENED

The French Cabinet Takes Action in Favor of Revision.

TO THE COURT OF CASSATION.

The Documents Will be Opened and a Report Made as to the Validity of the First Trial—M. Brisson Struggled With His Cabinet For a Revision—Mme. Dreyfus Appeal is Heard.

PARIS (By Cable).—At a meeting of the Cabinet Monday morning, all the Ministers being present, a decision was taken in favor of a revision of the trial of former Captain Dreyfus, and the documents in the case will be sent to the Court of Cassation.

The crowds of people outside the Ministry of the Interior, where the Cabinet Council was held, loudly cheered the Ministers, and there were shouts of "Vive Brisson!" "Vive la Revision!"

CAPTAIN ALFRED DREYFUS.

The Cabinet ordered the Minister of Justice, M. Sarrien, to lay before the Court of Cassation the petition of Mme. Dreyfus, wife of the prisoner of Devil's Island, for a revision of her husband's case. The court, therefore, will decide the legal question as to whether the first trial of Captain Dreyfus was vitiated by the forgery committed by the late Lieutenant-Colonel Henry, who was a witness before the court-martial, and who confessed to having forged a document in the case.

It is understood that M. Brisson literally wrung consent from the Cabinet for a revision, after a remarkable display of eloquence and personal influence and the stormiest scenes. His strongest opponent was M. Sarrien, the Minister of Justice, who expressed a desire to resign, and warned the other Ministers that they were assuming a terrible responsibility. MM. Viger and Marcujouls, respectively Minister of Agriculture and Minister of Commerce, supported M. Sarrien.

The final question of revision rests with the Court of Cassation, which acts upon the decision of what is known as the Revision Commission, a permanent body attached to the Court of Cassation. The commission is composed of six members, three counselors of the Court of Cassation —MM. Petit, Crepon and Lepelletier—and three Directors of the Ministry of Justice—MM. La Borde, Couturier and Geoffroy.

The Journal des Debats explains the procedure of the Court of Cassation thus: The court will have to decide whether the fact which has been revealed since the conviction of Dreyfus is or may be of a nature to establish his innocence. The court is empowered to proceed directly or by commissions of inquiry to all investigations, and interrogations of the persons concerned, and all other necessary means of ascertaining the truth. When the court decides to reject or grant the petition for revision it will be enabled to do so with full cognizance of all the facts, so that if it refuses revision its authority may not be questioned. If it orders revision the case will come before a court-martial, to which it will be referred, thoroughly prepared and already educated.

The Court of Cassation will probably not meet before November when it will consider the reopening of the Dreyfus case.

Excited by the Dreyfus News.

BOSTON (Special).—A remarkable scene occurred in a synagogue here Monday when Rabbi Raphael Lasker announced the vote of the French Cabinet in favor of revision in the Dreyfus case. Wild excitement interrupted the solemn service of the Day of Atonement, and men shouted and clapped their hands. The excitement was so great that several women fainted.

A Trust Company Assigns.

The New England Loan and Trust Company has gone into the hands of a receiver. The company was organized in Iowa with a capital of $875,000, though its principal offices have always been in New York City. The capital was sunk on Western lands and on properties in boom cities which did not materialize. The company has $5,000,000 of debentures outstanding, secured by bonds and mortgages which may ultimately be paid.

A Monument to Winnie Davis.

A movement is now on foot to erect a memorial monument to Miss Winnie Davis. The idea originated with the Harris County Veterans' Camp, of Hamilton, Ga. It is intended that the monument shall bear this simple inscription: "In memory of Winnie Davis, daughter of the Confederacy."

Dewey Capturing Insurgent Steamers.

The capture of the insurgent steamer Abby in the Philippines by an American warship has led to the decision by the Americans that the entire fleet of the rebels is liable to seizure, on the charge of piracy.

Farmers in Kansas Hold Their Wheat.

The fourth and last flouring mill in Topeka, Kan., shut down a few days ago for want of wheat to grind. It is estimated that seventy-five mills in the State are idle from the same cause. The farmers are not selling their wheat, but are waiting for better prices. It is estimated that there are 70,000,000 bushels of wheat in the State.

A Pitched Ball Kills a Player.

During a game of baseball at Gouldsborough Station, Penn., Monday, a pitched ball hit Charles Long, of Sterling. He got up to play after being struck, fell to the ground, and rolled over dead.

Hated the Army Uniform.

Frank Ficks, a private of the Seventh United States Infantry, has died at the home of his uncle, in Denver, Col., of typhoid fever contracted in the Santiago campaign. Before dying he said he had been ill-treated and neglected ever since he was taken ill, and so intense was his feeling that he made a dying request that he be not buried in his uniform.

Sick in Porto Rico Number 2509.

The War Department received a dispatch from General Brooke reporting that there was no lack of food for the troops in Porto Rico, but that 2509 men were on the sick list.

THE MARIA TERESA AFLOAT.

The Wrecked Spanish Cruiser is Raised and Will Come North.

SANTIAGO, Cuba (By Cable).—The wrecking company engaged under Lieutenant Hobson in the work of saving the wrecked Spanish warships has succeeded in floating the cruiser Infanta Maria Teresa. The cruiser, after being got afloat, was taken in tow by the Potomac and convoyed by the cruiser Newark, the Scorpion, and the Alvarado, proceeded for Guantanamo Bay, where she arrived Saturday night.

The successful culmination of the attempt to float her was greeted with the blowing of whistles, the firing of National salutes, and by cheers, in which the Cubans joined.

The cruiser is being put in condition for her trip North by the repair ship Vulcan.

Details of the floating of the Maria Teresa show that, with the help of dynamite, she was blown off the rocks into deep water on September 23 and proceeded under her own steam some time afterward to Guantanamo, accompanied by one of the tugs of the Merritt & Chapman Wrecking Company. She will shortly leave for New York.

Naval Constructor Hobson says he can raise the Spanish cruiser Cristobal Colon with the use of air bags in a week. He was given authority to do so.

The Colon, it appears, was not seriously damaged by shells, but her valves were opened, which caused her to sink.

The other two Spanish cruisers sunk in the battle of Santiago, the Admirante Oquendo and the Vizcaya, are useless wrecks of melted iron.

Commodore Watson spoke with much appreciation of what Lieutenant Hobson had done to save the Infanta Maria Teresa, but said that they had quite a little difficulty with the wrecking company. While such work was necessarily a gamble, he thought that there was a good chance that the Cristobal Colon could also be raised.

TORNADO IN TONAWANDA.

It Sweeps a Path 200 Yards Wide For a Distance of Ten Miles.

TONAWANDA, N. Y. (Special).—At about five o'clock Monday evening this city was visited by a tornado which demolished houses, uprooted trees, overturned freight cars, and swept a clean path about 200 yards wide for a distance of ten miles. The tornado swept over Grand Island before reaching this place.

While crossing from Grand Island to the main shore the tornado formed a waterspout in the Niagara River fifty feet high. It then swept around the south end of the city, traveling east, and flattened out the buildings in its path. Telegraph and trolley wires are down and 100 homes were demolished.

In the lumber districts much damage was done and thousands of feet of pine have been swept into the river. After passing over this city the tornado took a southeasterly course, and a number of smaller towns between here and Batavia were visited.

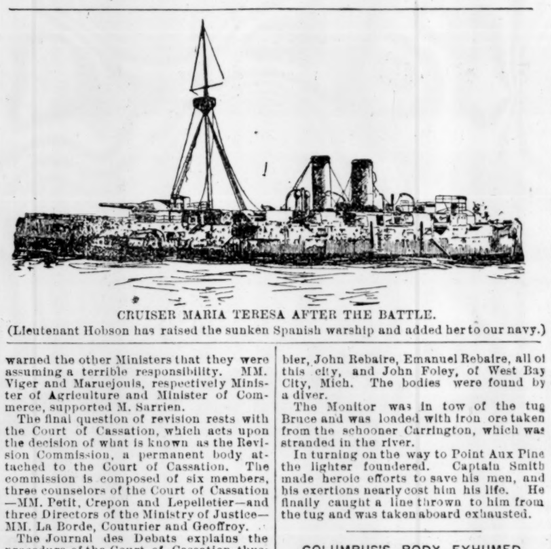
FIVE DROWNED IN MICHIGAN.

Disastrous Foundering of a Lighter in St. Mary's River.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich. (Special).—Five men were drowned in St. Mary's River Sunday by the foundering of the lighter Monitor. They are Joseph Prior, William Corbier, John Rebaire, Emanuel Rebaire, all of this city, and John Foley, of West Bay City, Mich. The bodies were found by a diver.

The Monitor was in tow of the tug Bruce and was loaded with iron ore taken from the schooner Carrington, which was stranded in the river.

In turning on the way to Point Aux Pine the lighter foundered. Captain Smith made heroic efforts to save his men, and his exertions nearly cost him his life. He finally caught a line thrown to him from the tug and was taken aboard exhausted.



CRUISER MARIA TERESA AFTER THE BATTLE.

(Lieutenant Hobson has raised the sunken Spanish warship and added her to our navy.)

COLUMBUS'S BODY EXHUMED.

Ceremony in Havana Cathedral Attended by Civic and Military Authorities.

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—At 9 o'clock Monday morning the official exhumation of the remains of Columbus preparatory to their shipment to Spain, took place in the presence of General Blanco, Secretary Govin, the Civil Governor, the Bishop, the Dean of the Cathedral, and other authorities.

The general public were ordered out of the cathedral at 8 o'clock, and no one was allowed inside after that hour. The entrance to the cathedral was guarded by a force of Orden Publico, which kept back the crowds that assembled in front of the edifice.

The ashes were deposited in a zinc case, which was placed in the sacristy of the cathedral, and a permanent guard was established to watch them.

ODD DEATH OF AN ATHLETE.

Found Strapped by the Neck to an Upright of a Punching-Bag Apparatus.

Arthur H. Stodder was found dead in his room at Somerville, Mass., Monday morning by his mother. His body was strapped to an upright of his punching-bag apparatus. Around the neck and holding it to the upright a skate strap was tightly drawn. Between the strap and the flesh a pair of cuffs had been placed to prevent the edges of the strap from cutting into the flesh. Below the arms and about the chest a second strap was buckled.

Stodder was nineteen years old. It is believed that his death was accidental. He was in the habit of experimenting in athletics, and it is believed that during one of these experiments he lost his life. He was in gymnasium costume.

Lightning Kills a Man at Camp Meade.

Private Benjamin Derlouiner, Company M, Tenth Ohio, was struck by lightning and instantly killed during a heavy rainstorm while guarding the tent of a military tailor at Camp Meade, Middletown, Penn. Derlouiner's home was at Cincinnati.

Colombia Resists Italy.

Advices from Cartagena state that the Colombian Government has decided to flatly decline to pay the Cerruti claim, to ask Italy for further arbitration, and if the decision should be against Colombia to resist Italy's demands to the last.

The French Defeat Sofas.

The French Government has received a dispatch from St. Louis, Senegal, French West Africa, saying a force of Soudanese sharpshooters in the French service, commanded by Lieutenant Woolfel, has defeated an army of Sofas, under one of Samory's chiefs, capturing 5000 men and seizing 300 Gras rifles and quantities of ammunition. It is added that the French force had one sharpshooter wounded.

Farmers Storing Grain.

According to Bradstreet's farmers are storing grain in railway elevators, and some speculation is expected to arise therefrom.

Gomez's Army Starving.

Senor Quesada, of the Cuban Delegation at Washington, has received a telegram from Key West announcing the arrival there of a commission from Gomez with a view to securing assistance. The dispatch states that the army is literally starving to death; that all the pack mules have been killed for food, and that the people are well-nigh desperate.

Typhoid Fever at Camp Meade.

Typhoid fever is spreading so rapidly in the Two Hundred and Third Regiment at Camp Meade, Middletown, Penn., that it has been decided to move the command away and isolate it. Only 350 men were fit for duty a few days ago.

THOMAS F. BAYARD DEAD.

Passed Away Peacefully at His Daughter's Summer Home.

FIRST AMBASSADOR TO ENGLAND.

The Distinguished Statesman Dies After a Lingering Illness—Was United States Senator, Secretary of State and Ambassador to Great Britain—A Sketch of His Public Career.

DEDHAM, Mass. (Special).—After an illness of over six weeks, Thomas F. Bayard, the first Ambassador from this country to Great Britain, died at 4.30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon at Karlstein, the summer residence of his daughter, Mrs. Samuel D. Warren. His death was without pain, and the distinguished citizen merely passed from a semi-conscious state to that of unconsciousness, and then ceased to breathe. His wife, his two daughters—Mrs. Warren and Miss Florence Bayard—and his son, Thomas F. Bayard, Jr., were at his bedside, while his third daughter, the Countess Launenhaupt, was on her way to Dedham.

THOMAS FRANCIS BAYARD.

His body was taken back to his native State, Delaware, for interment.

Thomas Francis Bayard was a distinguished member of an eminent family. Since long before the Revolutionary War the Bayards have been conspicuous in the country's history as patriots and statesmen, and many acquired national fame as jurists.

Thomas Francis Bayard was born in Wilmington, Del., on October 29, 1828, and was was a younger son. In his thirteenth year he entered school at Flushing, L. I. Here he stayed two years, and then entered the establishment of August Van Courtlandt Schermerhorn. Here he received an excellent business training.

In 1848 his elder brother died, whereupon, at the request of his parents, he returned to Wilmington. Having a liking for his father's profession—that of law—he became a student, and was admitted to the bar in 1851. In 1853 he was appointed United States District-Attorney for Delaware.

When the Civil War began Mr. Bayard was following his profession. A militia company was organized and Thomas E. Bayard was elected its first lieutenant. In June, 1861, the famous peace meeting of the citizens was held in Dover, and Lieutenant Bayard was one of the principal speakers.

Meanwhile Mr. Bayard's popularity in his native State kept growing rapidly, and in 1868 he was elected to succeed his father in the United States Senate, and was subsequently twice re-elected.

In October, 1856, Senator Bayard married Louisa, daughter of Josiah Lee, a Baltimore banker. Twelve children were the result of that union. In 1877 Senator Bayard received the honorary degree of LL.D. from Harvard College.

When the Democratic National Convention was held in 1880 his friends rallied in force to procure his nomination for the Presidency, and such was their strength that on the first ballot he stood next to Hancock, who was elected on the second.

He was made Secretary of State by Grover Cleveland, and in March, 1893, he was appointed Ambassador to the Court of St. James's, and served during Mr. Cleveland's second term.

Mr. Bayard's first wife died in the first year of his term as Secretary of State. Four years later he married Miss Mary W. Clymer, of Washington, who survives him.

E. W. CRANE FOR GOVERNOR.

New Jersey Democrats Ignore the Money Question For State Issues.

TRENTON, N. J. (Special).—The Democratic State Convention Wednesday afternoon nominated Elvin W. Crane, of Essex County, for Governor on a platform that contains no reference to the money question, but seeks to make the campaign on State issues alone. The only important reference to national questions was this at the head of the resolutions:

"We, the representatives of the Democratic party in State Convention assembled, reaffirm our devotion to the great and vital principles of the Democratic party on national issues, and believing, however, that the coming State campaign should be fought out on State issues," etc.

Elvin Williamson Crane, the nominee, was born in Brooklyn on October 20, 1853. He was educated in the Second Ward Public School and the parish school of St. Paul's Episcopal Church in Newark, and studied law in the office of the late Justice Joseph P. Bradley and the office of Colonel Gustavus Abeel, who was Prosecutor of the Pleas of Essex County for many years. Mr. Crane was acting Prosecutor during Colonel Abeel's illness. When Oscar Keen was appointed Prosecutor Mr Crane continued as his assistant. While acting Prosecutor in 1886 he was elected to the Assembly from the Sixth District of Essex County.

The Premier of Queensland Dead.

The Hon. Thomas Joseph Byrnes, Premier of Queensland, is dead. He was born at Brisbane in 1860, and was formerly Attorney-General and Solicitor-General of Queensland.

Woman Begged to Be Hanged.

Mrs. Amanda Jones, of Dublin, Ga., the negro woman who killed Frank Hamilton, a well-known negro politician, last fall, was convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary for ninety-nine years at hard labor. The woman smiled when Judge Smith announced the sentence, and begged to be hanged.

Confesses He Killed an Octogenarian.

Edward Johnson, a farmer, of Akron, Ohio, has confessed that he murdered Oscar Osborne, an octogenarian, whose body was found in a manger in his barn a few days ago.

Shot in a Soldiers' Home.

Governor A. J. Smith, of the National Soldiers' Home, near Santa Monica, Cal., was shot five times by Albert G. Bradley, an inmate of the home. Bradley, who has been at the home five years and bears the reputation of being a troublesome crank, came up behind Smith and began firing a revolver. His injuries are not fatal.

Fifteen Killed and Wounded.

An explosion of dynamite fifteen miles from New Whatcom, Wash., Wednesday afternoon, killed and wounded fifteen men, killed four horses and demolished the windows of houses for seven miles around.

Death Penalty For a Former Preacher.

The death sentence was the jury's verdict at Vernon, Tex., against G. E. Morrison, the former preacher, who was charged with the murder of his wife by poison at Pan Handle City, Carson County, Tex., last October. There were some sensational features, notably the testimony against the defendant of Miss Annie Whittelsy, the Topeka (Kan.) woman he was to wed, and for whom, it is charged, Morrison murdered his wife.

Monuments Dedicated at Gettysburg.

Four monuments to West Virginia regiments were dedicated at Gettysburg a few days ago.

MANY MINERS ENTOMBED

Fatal Explosions of Coal Gas and Fire Damp Near Brownsville, Penn.

EIGHT MEET SUDDEN DEATH.

Six Scores in Peril—They Escaped, Injured and Nearly Choked by the Fire Damp—Walked Four Miles Underground to Safety—Wild Scenes at the Mouth of the Shaft—Loose Coal Causes Accident.

BROWNSVILLE, Penn. (Special).—Seventy men were entombed Friday in the Empire Mine of Snowden, Gould & Co., one fourth of a mile below town, as the result of an explosion of gas, followed by another explosion of fire damp. Of the number entombed, all escaped or were taken out by rescuing parties, except eight, who were killed outright, and three who were more or less hurt.

The list of the dead includes John Haiston, Salem Haiston, Robert Davidson, John Bennett, William Pritchard, Henry Hagar, John Cartwright and James Hall. The following were injured: George Baker, John Baker and Samuel McIntyre.

The explosion is said to have been caused by the loosening of a large block of coal which opened a pocket of gas. Immediately following the explosion of gas there was a second explosion of fire damp. There were seventy men at work in the mine at the time of the disaster.

When the mine was reached willing hands at once went to work. Everybody seemed to want to go into the mine. It was by sheer force that those in charge at the entry kept the crowd out. It was announced that there was a sufficient force of men inside to do rescue work, but a weary and painful wait of hours took place.

Just above the entrance to the mine there is an artificial plateau. From the edge of the plateau a good view of the track leading to the mine could be had. Here women stood wringing their hands in anguish and weeping. The hundreds of people realized that they stood at the entrance of living tombs.

It was several hours later that the tingle of the electric bell in the engine house announced that a train of coal cars was coming from within. The scene of the disaster is more than a mile from the entry. It took about ten minutes for the first load to reach the outside world.

When the little train of cars emerged, a shudder was visible in the crowd. First there came two cars loaded with coal. Then three cars in each of which there were two bodies. In one there were two brothers, side by side, John and Salem Haiston. In the others were Robert Davidson and John Bennett, William Pritchard and John Cartwright. James Hall was in the last car.

Wagons were in waiting, and the bodies were taken to undertaking establishments. When the bodies were brought up from the mines they presented a ghastly appearance. After the first lot of bodies had been brought out the excitement and anxiety grew more intense.

It was announced that many men had come out of the mine through an abandoned entry nearly three miles distant. This allayed the fears of many, and as fast as the men were accounted for to their friends and families rejoicings and congratulations followed.

Crushed Under Tons of Coal.

WILKESBARRE, Penn. (Special).—Three men lost their lives in No. 1 shaft of the Susquehanna Coal Company at Nanticoke Friday. Five men were engaged in driving a heading on a plane some distance away from the main gangway when there was a sudden rush of coal down the plane, which caught the men. John Shannon, John Jones and George Morgan, who were working at the front, were crushed, their bodies being covered by tons of rock and coal. The other two men escaped with slight injuries.

FATAL GRAIN DUST FLASH.

One Man Killed and Three Injured by a Sudden Explosion.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—One man was killed and three injured Friday afternoon by an explosion of grain dust in the works of the Eastern Distilling Company, in the Blissville section of Long Island City. The explosion shattered one of the big buildings, and the man killed was buried under it. The man killed was Patrick McCafferty, sixty years of age. The injured are James Moran, thirty-five years old, a miller of Blissville; R. Cobb, a weigher, of Blissville, and John Granbar, a miller of Greenpoint.

The explosion was one of those common in grain elevators. The accumulated dust, more explosive than gunpowder, took fire from some unexplained cause. Three sides of the building were blown out and the fourth so badly damaged that before the work of looking for the body could be taken up it had to be pulled down.

Moran and Granbar were standing near the building, and were burned by the flush of flame and struck by debris. Their injuries are not fatal.

The loss is in the neighborhood of $20,000

Train Wreck in Wisconsin.

A train wreck occurred Friday night near White River, Wis. Harrison Fifiel was instantly killed, Walter Sharple fatally injured, and Tomas Jefferson and two tramps miraculously escaped injury. All five were riding in a box car from Mellen to Ashland. The train broke in two, and in going down grade the two ends came together. The box car in which the men were riding was in front of the back part of the train, and it was entirely demolished. Johnson Fifield and Sharple were all laboring men residing at Eau Claire. Fifield had a wife and three children. The other two men are single.

Mr. Curzon Created a Baron.

The Hon. George N. Curzon, until recently Parliamentary Secretary for the Foreign Office of Great Britain, who is to succeed the Earl of Elgin as Viceroy of India, has been elevated to the peerage as Baron Curzon of Kedleston.

Many Insurance Companies Indicted.

Indictments were filed in the State Fiscal Court at Frankfort, Ky., against sixty-one leading fire insurance companies of the United States for conspiracy. Their offence consists in uniting in an agreement fixing rates.

The New Order of Elizabeth.

The Emperor of Austria has appointed Count Bellegarde First Chancellor of the new order of Elizabeth, which was created in honor of the late Empress of Austria.

Columbus's Remains Ordered to Spain.

Captain-General Blanco has ordered that the remains of Columbus, which are in the Cathedral at Havana, Cuba, be transported to Spain.

Expelling Anarchists From Switzerland

The Swiss Government has ordered the expulsion from Switzerland of thirty-six Anarchists.

The National Game.

The Brooklyn team is badly crippled.

Fertsch, Sparks, Viau and Wilhelm were the winning pitchers of the Atlantic League.

President Pulliam says no changes will be made in the present Louisville team for next season.

Everett, of Chicago, was the first player to make 150 hits this season. He was also first to the 100 mark.

The Cincinnatis were in first place ninety eight days. That's a record that will no be broken for many a year.

Hamilton, of Boston, was laid off longer this season on account of injuries than any other League player. He was out for 3 straight games.

Of the veteran League pitchers Young Nichols and Breitenstein are given credit for doing the most consistent work.

According to Catcher Wilson, it is no the swift throwers who are hard to hold but those using the side-arm motion.

Catcher Crisham, who did such good work for the Providence Club, will not rejoin the Brooklyns until next spring.

Of the 129 runs scored in the series between the Philadelphias and Chicagos the first-named players got 66. Only thirteen games were played, the Philadelphias winning seven.

The scheme to admit soldiers to the ball games free is spreading all over the country. The club owners can well afford to show this courtesy to the heroes of Santiago and Porto Rico.

GENERAL WOODFORD RESIGNS.

He Relinquishes His Diplomatic Post as Minister to Spain.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Officers of the Administration admit that General Stewart L. Woodford has tendered his resignation as United States Minister to Spain, but are not able to give any reason for that action other than that General

GENERAL STEWART L. WOODFORD.

Woodford practically relinquished his diplomatic post when he received his passports from the Madrid Government last April and has not been drawing any salary for more than two months. The tender of the resignation means, of course, that General Woodford will not return to Madrid when diplomatic relations between the United States and Spain are resumed.

General Woodford Explains.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—General Stewart L. Woodford said in reply to an inquiry about his resignation as Minister to Spain: "The statement printed that I have resigned as Minister to Spain is correct. With peace once made and the treaty signed, the work for which the President drafted me into the diplomatic service in June, 1897, will have been finished. I have held this place at pecuniary loss and to the neglect of my business. I was glad to do so as long as it seemed that I could render any public service which should overbalance my personal loss. But with the return of peace, which is now assured, I have felt free to resign."

MISS WINNIE DAVIS BURIED.

Her Body Laid Beside That of Her Father in the Cemetery at Richmond.

RICHMOND, Va. (Special).—The funeral train bearing the body of Miss Winnie Davis arrived here Friday and was met at the station by Lee Camp, Confederate Veterans, of which she was a member, and delegates from Picket Camp. Colonel Archer Anderson, J. Taylor Ellison, Colonel E. L. Hobson and Dr. George Ross and their wives received Mrs. Davis and those of her immediate party who were on the train.

The body was escorted to St. Paul's Church, where it lay in state under the care of the guard of honor. The church was not open to the public, but delegations from many organizations were admitted.

The funeral services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Hartley Carmichael and the Rev. Dr. Moses D. Hoge. The public was not admitted to the church, but the big building was more than filled by representatives of organizations from all over the South and a great crowd filled the streets. The procession which accompanied the body to the cemetery was two hours in forming and extended practically from the church to Hollywood, more than two miles away.

The flags of the city were at half-mast and during the procession every church bell in the city was tolled. The procession was led by the Second Virginia Volunteers, just home from Jacksonville. Then came a long line of Confederate camps and Sons of Veterans, the bands playing funeral dirges. The hearse was drawn by four snow-white ponies, with bridle attendants, and in the rear, following as a special guard of honor, marched 100 veterans from the Confederate Soldiers' Home. The procession closed with a double line of carriages. Among the honorary pallbearers were Governor J. Hoge Tyler, ex-Governor C. T. O'Ferrall, General John B. Gordon, General Fitzhugh Lee and General G. W. Custis Lee.

The crowd of spectators filled the amphitheatre formed by the hills surrounding the burial plot. The grave is near that of Jefferson Davis. It was lined with Confederate flags and the head floral piece was a Confederate flag of large size made of red, white and blue immortelles.

Cycling Notes.

Unpaced distance racing seems to be returning to favor abroad.

Toddlers between the ages of four and eight, abroad on tiny wheels of special construction, are becoming so numerous that they almost cease to attract attention.

Cycle dealers believe the high gears, generally adopted the past season, will be continued. Gears at about eighty inches have proved satisfactory, and the makers are preparing to furnish along that line.

Some insurance companies give preference to wheelmen taking out accident insurance if they ride chainless wheels. They say that the chain is responsible for many accidents on the road and in cleaning wheels.

It is estimated that about 2,000,000 bicycles have been made in Europe and America so far.

There are 4610 wheelmen who pay taxes on wheels in Milwaukee, and the assessed valuation as fixed by the assessors is $76,019.

A veteran rider gives this advice to the novice: "Don't keep looking around when riding unless there is a clear road ahead, and a sudden swerve of the machine cannot possibly do any harm. The practice is the cause of many accidents."

The value of bicycles exported from the United States to foreign countries during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1898, was $6,846,529. Great Britain and Germany were the largest customers, taking $1,852,166 and $1,724,404 worth respectively.

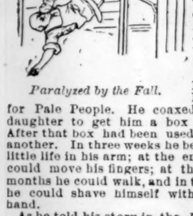
A Relic of the Cristobal Colon.

The account book of the Paymaster of the Cristobal Colon has been washed ashore at Newport, R. I.

Fell From a Scaffold.

From the Herald, Watertown, N. Y.

John Ycung, of Le Roy, N. Y., is 72 years old, and is well known in that and neighboring towns. While putting some weather boards on a barn, standing on a scaffold twenty-two feet from the ground, he felt dizzy, lost his balance and fell to the ground. The side of his face, arm and one entire side of his body, on which he struck, were badly bruised. Picked up and carried to the house, he was under a doctor's care for several weeks. The doctor finally came to the conclusion that his patient had received a stroke of paralysis and was beyond medical aid. He could not use one arm, or turn over in bed.



Paralyzed by the Fall.

One day, while lying on the bed, he read of a case some thing like his having been cured with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. He coaxed his granddaughter to get him a box of the pills. After that box had been used he secured another. In three weeks he began to feel a little life in his arm; at the end of four he could move his fingers; at the end of two months he could walk, and in three months he could shave himself with the injured hand.

As he told his story in the *Herald* office, he looked the perfect picture of health. He carries a box of the pills in his pocket, and whenever he does not feel just right he takes them. They cured him after doctors had given him up, and his death was daily expected.

All the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves are contained, in a condensed form, in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The University Press at Oxford, England, has appliances for printing in 150 different languages.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Automobiles are to be introduced in the Italian army for the transport of baggage.

To Cure A Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Illinois has $5,000,000 invested in nurseries.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

In Singapore Bibles are sold in twenty-five languages.

Cyclists' Sore Throat

Caused by dust and wind, causing chronic throat trouble, cured at once by Hoxsie's Disks. 25 cents. A. P. Hoxsie, Buffalo, N. Y.

Three pints of liquid a day is sufficient for the average adult.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Vaccination has been compulsory in Japan since 1896.

Piso's Cure is a wonderful Cough medicine. —Mrs. W. Pickert, Van Sicklen and Blake Aves., Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 20, 1895.

Great Britain has 294 torpedo boats and torpedo boat-destroyers.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

Chinese steamers require three days for the trip from Hong Kong to Shanghai.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

DYSPEPSIA

"For six years I was a victim of dyspepsia in its worst form. I could eat nothing but milk toast, and at times my stomach would not retain and digest even that. Last March I began taking CASCARETS and since then I have steadily improved, until I am as well as I ever was in my life."

DAVID H. MURPHY, Newark, O.

CANDY CATHARTIC **Cascarets** TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 311

**NO-TO-